

When Looking For Wedding And Graduation Gifts

We should be pleased to show you what we have suitable for this purpose. We are in a position to save you money.



The Recognized Headquarters for Fine Goods and Repairing.

Easy

To take, our goods, because they are always pure, fresh and wholesome.

Easy

To buy, because the price is always the lowest.

Easy

To get, because our service is quick.

Olives!

Yes, we are selling them at wholesale prices, Queen and Pine Olives in bottles. Also those in bulk. Better inquire about it at once. Bulk Olives, 25c. quart.

Butter

We sell the finest in the land. The cows feed on the best white clover, and drink the purest spring water. The butter is made in the cleanest, up-to-date creamery, (we know because we have been there) and the price will please you all, 25c. per lb.

Ball Blue

Is a very important article Monday morning and the success in the laundry depends largely on its quality. We have the finest imported.

M. V. N. BRAMAN.
106 Main Street

Blood Builder

A good one for it has stood the test of years.

Beef, Iron and Wine

Beef is for nutrition. We use a concentrated extract of beef, a single ounce of which has in it the nutritious principles of four pounds of prime lean beef.

Iron is for the blood. Increases the quantity and quality.

Wine is to give strength and stimulate the appetite. The three are for you—if you want an agreeable tonic. 50c full pt. bottles. Prepared at

Wilson House Drug Store
The recognized Prescription Pharmacists

Every Morning

We get nice fresh Vegetables direct from Williamstown. We expect to have GREEN PEAS every day this week from there.

Native Strawberries

Will have Berlin Berries this week.

Don't Forget

You can not get our special brand of CREAMERY BUTTER anywhere else, there is nothing like it. 25c. lb.

Pressed Corned Beef

Is still the rage, can hardly make it fast enough to supply the demand, it must please? 20c. lb.

BEST GOODS AND LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Bateman's City Market

LODGE SAYS IT IS LONG-- PLATT SAYS ROOSEVELT

Vice Presidential Situation About the Same as it was Last Night

Governor Roosevelt is the Lion of the Convention. Given an Enthusiastic Reception on His Entrance. All Eyes for Him and None for the Leaders. Senator Wolcott's Speech. Keynote is Prosperity. Expansion is Cheered. Taylor of Kentucky a Figure of the Convention

Philadelphia, June 19.—The probabilities are that Senator Fairbank of Indiana, will be chairman of the committee on platform, instead of Senator Foraker.

The instrument will follow closely the lines indicated Sunday night, but the most delicate problem is what to do with the Chinese situation.

The embargo is so new and unprecedented for the United States that any expression on the subject calls for the shrewdest fineness.

The question of vice-president is much in the same position as it was last night.

Platt declares nothing can stop the nomination of Roosevelt, but does not want anything said until a meeting of the New York delegation tonight.

Senator Burrows is authority for the statement that Roosevelt said to Henry C. Payne and the chairman of the Wisconsin delegation that he would decline if nominated.

Four of the First

Occupying prominent seats upon the platform were four of the 14 men now living who were delegates at the first convention of the republican party held in Philadelphia, June 17, 1856. All were members of the regular Ohio delegation. Three of them were prominent in the anti-slavery fight that led to the convention held at Pittsburg, February 22, 1856, in reality the precursor of the Philadelphia convention, and these men, therefore, claim to be among those who were chiefly instrumental in forming the republican party. The three men who were first at Pittsburg and later at Philadelphia are Judge Rush S. Sloan, of Sandusky, Ohio, General R. Brinkerhoff of Mansfield, Ohio, and Hon. George R. Trevelyan of Springfield, Ohio.

Judge W. H. Upson of Akron, Ohio was at the Philadelphia convention, but not at Pittsburg.

Cheer Roosevelt Only

Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York got a scattering applause as he came in and took his seat with the New York delegation, Senator Platt of New York got a popular greeting.

As the hour of noon approached the delegates entered in a solid stream and spread out over the seats reserved. The crowds were so absorbed picking out the men of national reputation they forgot to cheer men like Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, Senator Davis of Minnesota, and Senator Foraker of Ohio, who did not get a handclap as they took their places.

Meantime the band was playing popular airs and the scene was impressive and animated.

At noon Senator Hanna took his seat at the chairman's table, but although it was the time set for calling the convention he waited a few moments conferring with Secretary Dick, Senator Wolcott and others.

At 2:07 o'clock the first pronounced demonstration of the convention occurred. Roosevelt came in through the main entrance and moved down the center aisle. He wore the rough riders hat and was instantly recognized. A deep reverberating cheer greeted him.

Had Eyes For Him Alone

Men jumped on chairs to cheer him and women fluttered their handkerchiefs. Delegates crowded forward to greet him.

His entrance was theatrical though it may have been that it was like that of a conquering hero. He took a seat in the rear of Senator Platt and in front of Senator Dewey. "Our Chancey," who aroused the admiration of many a republican convention, came in at the same time, but the multitude had eyes only for the hero of San Juan.

Lodge Says It is Long

Senator Lodge and Judge McCall came in at the head of the Massachusetts delegation and were greeted by General Harry Bingham.

"Is it all over?" said Bingham. "Yes," said Lodge, "For Long, that's the ticket certainly; McKinley and Long."

Senator Quay smiled grimly from across the aisle. He wore a suit of miller's gray and apparently had contracted the sombrero habit for his hat has an expansive brim and Santiago cut.

He greeted Senator Davis. The two hugged and whispered. Then senator Thurston broke up the hugging.

Many Notable Groups

Many notable groups were to be seen among the delegates.

Immediately in front sat Senator Fairbanks of Indiana with Governor Mount of that state just behind him. Governor Shaw of Iowa ran over to greet his executive colleague and to say that Delivered's flag is still flying. Across the aisle was Senator Platt,

with a pearl hat tipped back, and he reflected and waited, while Cornelius N. Bliss was earnestly assuring Seno E. Payne as to some controverted point. Odell sat with Quigg and all New Yorkers kept turning their heads to see when that broad rimmed sombrero made its appearance.

Taylor Was There

Governor Taylor of Kentucky came with Governor Bradley of that state, the former smiling unruffled after all the turmoil. Just across was Senator Foraker, with his hair tossed, looking as though he had been having a hard conference, while General Grosvenor looking like a patriarch, paced the aisle and grasped hands.

Kansas Loves Teddy

Sitting together on the platform were a group of distinguished guests from the diplomatic corps at Washington, including the first secretaries of the British embassy, Gerald Lowther and of the Spanish legation, Senor Don Riano.

Kansas had seats immediately across the aisle from New York to the left and when Roosevelt came in the Kansas delegates gave him a special reception.

One enthusiastic Kansas man grabbed the governor by the arm and pulled him across the aisle.

Opening of Convention

The convention was called to order at 12:36 o'clock. When the band played the "Star Spangled Banner" the entire convention rose to their feet. Roosevelt was first up waving his black sombrero. The call for the convention was read by Secretary Dick. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. James Molton of Philadelphia.

Senator Hanna made the opening speech as chairman of the committee. Whenever he mentioned President McKinley the convention cheered.

Senator Wolcott, temporary chairman, began his speech at 12:53 o'clock. The long gallery was packed with humanity and was a living sea of people.

Mr. Hanna was attired in a sack suit and wore a white vest.

His gavel was unique. It consisted of a heavy square oak piece, fitted with a handle and looked more like a maul than a gavel. On the desk was a heavy plank, a foot square, to pound on.

Prosperity and Expansion

Senator Wolcott's clear, resonant voice penetrated to the furthest recesses of the hall. As Mr. Wolcott rehearsed the history of the past four years of administration, how prosperity blessed it, the outcome of the Spanish war, etc., the convention repeatedly applauded. The keynote of the speech, and the deepest note, was the financial prosperity of the country. He said the old issue of the democrats was dead, and they were driven to find a new one in the war they were most anxious to precipitate.

The first mention of expansion was the signal for a demonstration.

Taylor Called to Stage

Senator Wolcott closed his speech at 2:12 o'clock and then announced a long list of secretaries and officials. Then he recognized Governor Taylor of Kentucky in the audience. A tall, gaunt, black-garbed figure, with the swarthy face of an Indian stood, paper in hand, awaiting a pause in the hurrying that the name invoked. There were loud cheers for "platform," so Taylor advanced to the platform and was introduced by Wolcott amid cheers.

The crowd expected a speech, but instead Taylor, in a piping voice, seconded the nominations of the various officials and left the stage.

Mr. Payne of New York moved the rules of the last convention prevail until others were adopted. There was no dissent.

The call of the roll of states for the submission of members of the various committees began.

The convention was virtually in recess as it was a long process.

Roosevelt meanwhile was holding a regular levee, delegates swarming to him in every direction.

New Jersey for Long

The New Jersey delegation met and decided to vote for Long for the vice-presidency.

Convention Adjourns

The convention adjourned at 3 o'clock until noon tomorrow.

PROUD OF ITS RECORD

Republican Party Has Accomplished Much in the Past Few Years

Philadelphia, June 19.—Forty-four years ago today General John C. Fremont was nominated by the first Republican convention, held at Musical Fund hall, on Locust street, in this city.

The national Republican convention assembled today in the great export exposition building in West Philadelphia. Here, amid the swelling memories of half a century, and in the presence of men who saw the blood-stained clouds rise across the sunrise of the party, the

(Continued on Second Page.)

DOWAGER EMPRESS IS DEGRADING THE ARMY

Generals and Officials Promised To Drive Out the Foreigner. The Oregon for Taku

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Secretary Hay has received word from the Russian embassy here that 4000 Russian troops have been dispatched from Port Arthur to Taku.

Empress Dowager is Degrading the Army For Its Defeat

London, June 19.—A dispatch from Shanghai says the latest news from Peking is that the dowager empress is greatly concerned over the capture of the Taku forts and wholesale degradation of the Chinese army, including Generals Sung-Ching and Fung Fu Siang, governor of Peking and other high officials, who promised in the Tsung Li Yamen to accomplish the expulsion of the foreigners, has taken place.

Three Taku forts were destroyed and most of the garrisons killed or wounded by a charge by the sailors of the allied fleets.

London, June 19.—The officer commanding the British cruiser Endymion, cables:

"Engagement at Taku lasted six hours."

"Four Chinese torpedo boat destroyers captured by British destroyer Whiting and Fame."

"Chinese second class cruiser flying the admiral's flag is detained outside Taku by allied admirals."

The Revolt is spreading in Western China

The revolt is spreading to western China and has broken out in Szechuan and Yunnan.

The London missionary society property at Tsao Shih, Central China, was destroyed by a mob.

The rising is spreading with great rapidity and shows unexpected organization among the anti-foreign elements.

The Oregon Will Go to Taku from Hong Kong

Washington, June 19.—General Corbin declares at present only one regiment, the Ninth, has been ordered to China from Manila.

In addition the Oregon which goes to Taku from Hong Kong.

The Buffalo with 300 green landsmen has been ordered from Southampton, England, to the Philippines while the gunboats Princeton and Marietta, are held at Cavite under orders to be ready at any moment.

If these join Kempf, he will have a more numerous and effective fleet of gunboats adapted to service on the Pei Ho river than any other of the naval

TWO MILLIONS LOSS FOR BLOOMINGTON

Two Firemen are Missing. Court House Destroyed But Records Saved

Bloomington, Ill., June 19.—Five blocks of the best business buildings in the heart of the city were destroyed by fire this morning.

Fifty firms were burned out and the loss is estimated at nearly two millions. McLean county court house, which cost \$400,000, is a total loss, but the records were saved.

Two firemen are missing and are believed to be in the ruins.

Two leading hotels, Windsor and Phoenix are burned, but the guests escaped.

Dynamite was used to blow up buildings in the path of the flames.

Help was summoned from Springfield and Peoria.

MRS. BEVERIDGE DEAD

Indianapolis, Ind., June 19.—Mrs. Beveridge, wife of Senator Beveridge, died at a sanatorium here from heart failure. She was ill several months.

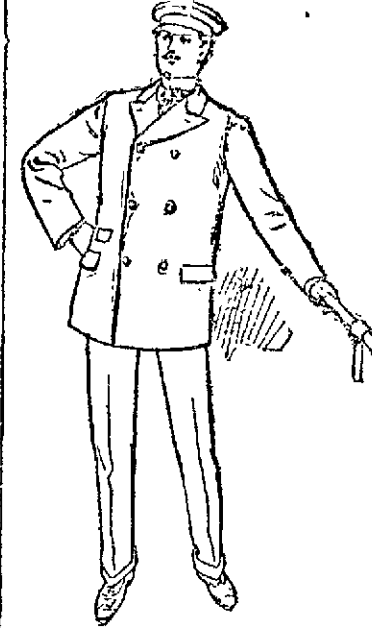
MRS. BUEL COLE DEAD

Mrs. Buel E. Cole of Adams, who was hurt by jumping from a wagon on West Main street this afternoon, died at the hospital at 3:30 o'clock of fracture of the skull. Mrs. Cole was 52 years old and leaves no children. She was born in New York state and was married about three years ago.

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET
Received through the office of Lehman & Co., Commission Stock Brokers, Burlingame block.

CHICAGO MARKET.				
Wheat,	July,	75 1/2	75 3/4	77 1/2
August,	75 3/4	80 3/4	78	78 3/4
Corn,	July,	37 1/2	40 1/4	39 3/4
August,	40 1/4	40 3/4	40 1/4	40 3/4
Oats,	July,	23 1/4	23 1/4	22 3/4
Pork,	July,	1150	1152	1142
Lard,	July,	670	670	662



Summer Suits

The great favorite for summer wear is blue serge. The Cutting made costs you \$7.50, \$10, \$12 and \$15, is all worsted and properly made to keep its shape or your money back for the asking. Business suits are made largely from gray cassimeres and chevots in neat checks and stripes and in our make cost you \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$10 and \$12. You can't improve on the quality of the workmanship at the price and we guarantee the price.

Odd Trousers

Many a man has found out that the trousers he carried over from last year would not go through the season. So we are prepared to meet this want with a splendid assortment of grey stripes and check worsteds, cassimeres and chevots. The lower grades come at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50, and the real good ones cost you \$3, \$4, \$5 and \$6. Many an odd suit trousers at half price if you are quick enough to get them.

Have you seen our new neckwear? Wash ties, 5c to 25c. All silk 25 and 50c.

Cutting & Company, Cutting Corner, North Adams

At Barnes Jewelry Store

Cut Glass, the celebrated Libbey make. None in the market to equal it.

Solid silver in chests or separate pieces. Engraved free.

Watches, gold or silver, all sizes for present or graduation gifts.

Silver novelties in endless profusion.

L. M. BARNES Wilson Bldg., Main St. North Adams

G. Frank Rist, Clothier, Furnisher, Hatter.

Don't spend a DOLLAR for Clothing until you have inspected our stock and learned our prices. Wonderful Value Giving Sale now in full blast. New invoice Stock Ties. See our window. Money back if you say so.

G. Frank Rist, Main St., opp. Eagle St., No. Adams

The Thirsty World

Cannot all drink at our Fountain of course, but we are serving a goodly number and ready for more.

Huyler's Hot Weather Delicacies

are on our soda counter, including Bonbons and Chocolates, Scotch Kisses, Lime Tablets, Lemon Sours, American Cuts, Etc., Etc. Call and we will prepare your prescriptions accurately and deliver to any part of the city.

George A. Hastings PHARMACIST, 85 Main Street

Just Remember Us

For some of Heinz's Pickles in bulk of all kinds. (You can see a big display at our market.) We also have nice Mustard in bulk, 20c. quart.

Pressed Beef

Of our make, and it is nice eating to o, and the sale for it keeps growing wonderfully larger every day. Must be good. Only 20c. lb.

Stockwell & Rosston 29 Main St Tel. 232

Odd Sizes Negligee Shirts.

A few odd sizes in odd lots left. They are regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 goods, but to close them out will sell them for \$1.00 each.

Ask to see our new STOCK TIES. Very dressy.

P. J. BOLAND, & Co.

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS
BOLAND BLOCK

KRUGER AND HIS GOLD

Oom Paul Said to Have Eight Carloads of Precious Metal With Him

London, June 18.—The Boers continue to work Barberton mines, says a dispatch from Lourenço Marques; and there are eight carloads of bar gold, valued at \$5,000,000, with President Kruger.

Lord Roberts, according to a Boer dispatch from Machadodorp, sent a message to Commandant General Louis Botha on June 18 suggesting disarmament, and complimenting the bravery of the burghers.

It was pointed out that the surrender would be without dishonor to the burghers and would prevent much suffering. General Botha asked for a six days' armistice in order to confer and consider. Lord Roberts consented to five days. Finally General Botha declined to accept the proposal, and hostilities were renewed.

The Boer commandoes are retreating on Middelburg, followed by the British cavalry and artillery, occasional shells reaching the rear guards. The Boers are destroying the bridges and burning the veldt behind them, carrying off provisions and cattle and leaving the country barren.

Other advices from Machadodorp say that the Boers have an abundance of arms and ammunition, with dynamite and oxen, and that they are preparing heavy wagon trains for a retreat to the Lydenburg district, where the chiefs, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary, are determined to make a stand.

The Boers continue to work the Barberton mines, says a dispatch from Lourenço Marques, and there are eight carloads of bar gold, valued at \$5,000,000, with President Kruger.

Mr. Steyn, in his proclamation declaring the Free State still free and independent, says the fact that the army is yet in the field renders Lord Roberts' annexation contrary to international law.

In a dispatch to the war office from Pretoria, dated yesterday, Lord Roberts says that General Baden-Powell has just arrived there.

A dispatch from Cape Town says it is reported there that President Kruger is in a feeble condition.

Quarrelled About a Child.
Boston, June 18.—In the presence of hundreds of people who had gathered on a playground at Charlestown Neck last evening, Henry E. Parsons shot and killed William Hammond. A crowd quickly closed in about the murderer and threatened to take him from the police. It is said that Parsons was seen in company with a girl 12 or 13 years old by some boys, who became suspicious of his intent and noticed some men near by, among whom were James Drysdale, Joseph Newer and William Hammond. Drysdale upbraided Parsons for the suspicious nature of his actions, and after some words the police say Parsons struck Drysdale. Later in the evening Drysdale, Hammond and Fred Parclay were again in the locality, and Parsons joined them. Suddenly, it is alleged, Parsons stepped close up to Hammond and fired a shot into the neck, causing almost instant death.

Assault With a Razor.
Newburyport, Mass., June 18.—J. Capenagros, an Italian laborer, employed on construction of the Salisbury beach railroad, was discharged by Jere Develague, his foreman, and a few minutes later he went up behind Develague and cut his throat with a razor. The assailant ran into the woods and was captured. The wounded man's condition is serious. Patrolman Wells of this city arrested Capenagros last night.

One Dead and Three Dying.
Buffalo, June 18.—One life was lost and three persons fatally burned in a fire which spread through a tenement house in the Hutton quarter last night. An 8-year-old boy named Milano was burned to death, and his mother, 30 years old, and two other of her children, a girl of 18 months and a boy of 5 years, were so badly injured that their recovery is improbable.

A Kentucky "Picnic."
Pineville, Ky., June 18.—At a picnic yesterday, in a fight between Charles Parsifal and James Bullard, the latter was fatally shot. Later a young son of Bullard shot and killed Parsifal.

NEWS IN BRIEF.
Marionette Dying, 65 years old, died at Mayenne, N. J. He was private secretary of Secretary William H. Seward of Lincoln's cabinet from 1862 until 1885. From 1865 until 1888 he was secretary of the United States legation at Lima, Peru.

Senator Bacon of Georgia is just recovering from a severe sickness, caused from eating toadstools which he mistook for mushrooms. The senator had thought he was an expert in making the distinction.

The Decorey building, a 10-story structure at New York, occupied by several retail firms, was damaged, with its contents, to the extent of \$110,000 by fire.

Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., secretary of the Yale corporation, and a graduate of this year's class of the Cambridge, Mass., theological school, has accepted the position of assistant pastor of the St. Paul Episcopal church of New Haven.

Said to Have Swindled Farmers.
Boston, June 18.—Henry B. Favor of Malden has been arrested on the charge of using the mails to defraud. The United States authorities allege that Favor sent circular letters to farmers soliciting their produce, and to have failed to pay for it in several cases.

CROPS BENEFITTED BY FAVORABLE WEATHER

Boston, June 18.—The United States department of agriculture, climate and crop service of the weather bureau, New England section, issues the following bulletin for the week ending June 18:

Boston, June 18.—Following is a statement of the weather and crop conditions of New England, compiled from the reports of correspondents of the weather bureau throughout the section, for the week ending June 18:

Crops, generally speaking, are in good condition, and in some localities are luxuriant. With abundant sunshine and temperature near the seasonal average, together with a fair amount of precipitation in the most acceptable form, light showers, the conditions have been favorable for the rapid advancement of all vegetation. Bugs, beetles, worms, and crop pests generally, are increasing and becoming more or less numerous. However, up to the present writing no serious or general injury has resulted to crops.

The haying season is practically at hand. Taking the district as a whole, the prospect is very favorable to an average crop and an excellent quality of hay.

Winter grain continues in good condition; cereals generally promise good crops. There is little complaint of injury from rot or insects, and with a continuation of favorable weather good crops are certain.

Excepting peaches, the yield of which will be light, conditions could hardly be more favorable to a plentiful crop of fruit, especially apples. Pears will be plentiful, plums a fair supply, and berries of all kinds give prospect of a bountiful supply of the first quality.

Vegetables remain in a promising condition. Reports are very favorable to truck farms and gardens, which promise large yields of all kinds of vegetables.

Tobacco setting is about completed, and cultivation has begun. The present outlook is very favorable to the crop.

On the Diamond.

Boston, June 18.—Tenny's fumble of Cross' grounder and three singles in the eleventh inning gave Brooklyn three runs and the game.

Brooklyn 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 3—8 12 1
Boston 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 11 1

Batteries—McGinnity and Farrell; Nichols and Sullivan.
At St. Louis—

Cincinnati 0 4 0 1 2 0 0 0 2—9 16 2
St. Louis 1 0 0 4 1 2 0 0 0—8 8 3

Batteries—Drettenstein and Peltz; Thomas and Robinson.
At Chicago—

Pittsburgh 0 0 0 1 1 3 0 0 0—4 8 1
Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 6 1

Batteries—Phillips and O'Connor; Callahan, Chance and Donahue.
At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2 7 3
New York 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 9 1

Batteries—Bernhard and Cross; Hawley and Bowerman.

A Vice Presidential Possibility.

Indianapolis, June 18.—B. F. Shively of South Bend would, it is believed by his close friends, accept a nomination at Kansas City for vice president, though he will not be an active candidate. He said last night: "I am not a candidate for the office in any sense. I have made no canvass for the nomination and I intend to make none." On campaign issues he says: "I believe imperialism and militarism will be the questions of vital importance in the campaign."

Price of Gas Goes Up Again.

New York, June 18.—The Consolidated Gas company has issued a statement that "on and after June 20 the price of gas supplied by the company will be restored to the legal rate of \$1.05 per 1000 cubic feet. This formal notice marks the end of the great war of the gas companies, which for a year has made the price of gas to consumers in Manhattan 65 cents per 1000 feet."

The Situation at Bell Island.

St. John's, June 18.—The Bell Island strike is not yet ended. The strikers threaten to demolish the piers and steamers on the first attempt to resume loading, if the demands of the men are not satisfied. Four ships are now awaiting cargoes. This may compel the companies to take action which may lead to an outbreak.

"Hospital Week" a Success.

Fall River, Mass., June 18.—Reports from the various mills of this city show that "Hospital Week" was a great success. Contributions were taken up in all the mills on the pay days of the different corporations from all operatives who wished to give, and the report shows that the sum contributed is in excess of \$3000.

Despondent Over Death of Wife.

New York, June 18.—The body of Ralph C. Varian, whose home was at Lynn, Mass., was found in the East river. Varian's wife died three months ago and since then he had been despondent. His friends believe he jumped from a boat while traveling from Boston to this city.

Pierce Defeats Michael.

Cambridge, Mass., June 18.—Jimmy Michael was beaten by Burns Pierce in a 20-mile motor-paced race at Charles River park in the relatively slow time of 34:29 3-5. A strong wind made record time impossible.

Italy's Cabine, 44 Cops Out.

Rome, June 18.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday, Premier Relloux announced that the cabinet had resigned owing to the deadlock arising from the opposition's uncompromising attitude on the question of the rules of procedure.

What He Meant.

"Your fare!" the tall conductor said. "What?" cried Mrs. Picken. "I did not mean your fare," he said; "What I meant was your nickel!" —Baltimore American.

PROUD OF ITS RECORD

(Continued From First Page)

Republicans met in the high tide of their glory to name their national candidates and enunciate the platform for the coming campaign.



Photo by Bell.

SENATOR EDWARD C. WOLCOTT.
Temporary chairman of the Republican national convention.

The preliminary routine business was quickly disposed of, and Senator Edward C. Wolcott of Colorado, temporary chairman of the convention, made the opening address, saying, in part:

Since the first party convention in these United States, there was never one gathered together under such hopeful and auspicious circumstances as those which surround us today. United, proud of the achievements of the past four years, our country prosperous and happy, with nothing to regret and naught to make us ashamed, with a record spotless and clean, the Republican party stands facing the future, confident that the ticket it shall present will command public approval, and that in the declarations of its principles and its purposes, it will voice the aspirations and hopes of the vast majority of American freemen.

We need "no omen but our country's cause;" yet there is significance in the fact that the convention is assembled in this historic and beautiful city, where we first assumed territorial responsibilities, when our fathers, a century and a quarter ago, promulgated the immortal Declaration of Independence.

The first and pleasant duty of this great convention, as well as its instinctive impulse, is to send a message of affectionate greeting to William McKinley. In all that pertains to our welfare in times of peace, his genius has directed us. He has shown an unerring mastery of the economic problems which confront us, and has guided us out of the slough of financial disaster. Impaired credit and commercial stagnation, up to the high and safe ground of national prosperity and financial stability. Through the delicate and trying events of the late war he stood firm, courageous and conservative, and under his leadership we have emerged triumphant, our national honor unharmed, our credit unassailed, and the equal devotion of every section of our common country to the welfare of the Republic cemented forever.

Mr. Wolcott here paid tribute to the memory of the late Mr. Hobart, and, continuing, said:

When Mr. McKinley became president he took the reins of government after four years of Democratic administration. No sum of money could convey an idea of a title of the ruin they wrought. In the four years preceding Mr. Cleveland's administration we had paid \$260,000,000 of the national debt; he added \$280,000,000 to its burdens. He found a tariff act, bearing the name of his successor and our president, fitted to meet the requirements of our necessary expenditures, to furnish the needed protection to our farmers, our manufacturers, and to insure the steady and remunerative employment of those who labor. Instead of permitting manufacture and commerce that repose and stability of law which are essential for working out economic progress, he at once recommended violent and radical changes in revenue and tariff provisions, recommendations which his party in congress proceeded partially and disastrously to execute. The appalling cost of his policy is still fresh in the memory of millions who suffered from it.

Facing these difficulties, the president immediately upon his inauguration convened congress in extra session, and summarized the legislative essentials of our national prosperity. The industrial history of the United States for the past four years is the tribute to the wisdom of his judgment. Under the wise provisions of our tariff laws and the energetic efforts to conserve our resources, the renewal of public confidence, trade commenced to revive. The looms were no longer silent and the mills deserted; railway earnings increased, merchants and bankers resumed business, labor found employment, our fair wages, our exports increased, and the sunshine of hope again illumined the land. There isn't an idle mill in the country today. The mortgages on western farms have been paid by the tens of thousands, and our farmers are contented and prosperous. Our exports have reached enormous figures. Our manufactured articles are finding a market all over the world and in constantly increasing volume. We are rapidly taking our place as one of the great creditor nations of the world. Above and beyond all, there is no man who labors with his hands, in all our broad domain, who cannot find work, and the scale of wages was never in our history as high as now.

Mr. Wolcott here briefly referred to other legislation of the past four years which had proved beneficial to the country. Coming to the question of trusts he said that aggregations and combinations of capital find their only encouragement in prosperous days and increasing commerce. Monopoly of administration in this country has universally meant industrial stagnation and commercial depression, when capital seeks a hiding place instead of investment. The Republican party has always maintained that any combination having for its purpose the cornering of a market or raising or controlling the price of the necessities of life was unlawful and should be punished. We shall meet it in some efficient way, and as a party, shall have the courage to protect every class of our citizens.

The campaign four years ago was fought on the currency question. The Populists demanded that the United States alone should embark on the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting the concurrence of any other nation. The Republican party insisted that the question of bimetalism was international, and that until it should be settled under agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, gold should continue to be the standard of value in these United States. Upon that issue we triumphed. As we grow year by year more firmly established as a creditor nation, the question concerns us less and other countries more. No impairment of national credit can be contemplated by an honorable nation. We have made advances enough; this country can better afford than any other to enter upon the contest for commercial supremacy with gold as its standard, and for us the

Working Women

are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham for free advice about their health. Mrs. Pinkham is a woman.

If you have painful periods, backaches or any of the more serious ills of women, write to Mrs. Pinkham; she has helped multitudes. Your letter will be sacredly confidential.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is known wherever the English language is spoken.

Nothing else can possibly be so sure to help suffering women. No other medicine has helped so many.

Remember this when something else is suggested.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Her helping hand is always outstretched to suffering women.

world that we, too, make good our standard and redeem our obligations in that metal. For 12 years the platform of the party have declared in favor of the use of gold and silver as money.

The provisions of the bill secure to the people a needed increase in the volume of the currency, prevent the future depletion of the gold in the treasury, and encourage a more extended use of our bonds by the national banks of the country. But, above all, the success attending its passage has demonstrated that our own people and the nations of Europe have faith in the permanence of our institutions and our financial integrity.

Before the expiration of Mr. McKinley's first term, we shall have passed a law relieving certain articles from a tariff, and the duties thereon; we shall have passed a law because of the war revenue act, and meanwhile we have, out of surplus revenues, already paid and called in for cancellation \$48,000,000 of outstanding bonds. The coming winter will see enacted into law legislation which shall revivify and uphold our ocean merchant marine, and enable us to compete on fair terms with the subsidized ships of foreign nations. And above all, we shall pass a law under which we shall build and own and operate as property of the United States, under exclusive American dominion and control, a ship canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific. Through it in time of peace the commerce of the world shall pass. If we shall be unhappily engaged in war, the canal shall carry our warships and shall exclude those of the enemy, and under conditions which shall violate no treaty stipulations.

This is the brief account of our stewardship for four years. During a portion of that period we have been in a war that for a time paralyzed business and commerce, and would have taxed heavily the resources and credit of any other country than ours. During the same period we have been engaged in a war with Spain, the result of which has been the acquisition of new territory, and the establishment of our flag in the Philippine Islands.

The folly of Spain and the indignation of the American people forbade a peaceful solution. Then the president, seconded by a Republican congress, before a great and arduous victory was won, shall ever truthfully say that this republic was animated by any but the noblest purposes. Recorded time tells of no such war, for it was fought, with bloody battles, by great and free men, for the freedom of another race, while its own liberties were unassailed.

This is not the time or the occasion to dwell upon the incidents of the war, but the arduous and victorious campaign, the lofty and unselfish motives that alone actuated the nation. No man now, or in the centuries to come, when history recounts the marvelous story of the war, shall ever truthfully say that this republic was animated by any but the noblest purposes. Recorded time tells of no such war, for it was fought, with bloody battles, by great and free men, for the freedom of another race, while its own liberties were unassailed.

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The circumstances associated with our possession of Cuba are new and unparalleled in the history of conquests. The cruelties practiced upon its people induced the war. Before we commenced our operations, however, and said that the world might know that our hands were clean and that we were not animated by just for territory, we solemnly provided for, and we have faithfully and honestly complied with, the people of the island are content, the vast mass of the American people approve, and we have avoided precedents that might vex us when we come to deal with the problems that finally await us in the establishment of our permanent relations towards the people of the Philippine Islands.

To this declaration we still rigorously adhere. The island was divided into municipalities and the registration provided for. And on the 10th of June, municipal elections were held all through the island, as the first and preliminary step towards the establishment of a national government and the adoption of a constitution. And in this connection it is fitting to say that the speculations and frauds committed in Cuba by subordinate officials have made every American citizen who has been connected with the island feel that the guilty men are arrested and convicted and sentenced that shame will know no abatement. It is no more to be charged to the party than would a dishonest trusted employee charged against the character of the merchant who employed him.

not only of fairness but of generosity and of absolute unselfishness, and whenever the inhabitants of that island evince and declare their ability to take over the government and control, that day they shall receive it.

Had there been no war with Spain this republic, inclined by principle and instinct and tradition to peaceful ways, would have continued the development of our national resources and character within its existing borders, content in the future, as throughout the century just ending, with that path of national duty.

The future of nations, however, like the future of man, is hid from mortal vision, and, no more than man may a nation choose its own duties. When this war ended and we faced our victory in all its completeness, we found 5,000,000 of people living upon unworked islands delivered into our hands. Abandonment of them would be confession that while the oppression by Spain of 1,500,000 Cubans demanded our armed interference, greater barbarity and cruelty by millions of Filipinos less able to protect themselves, was a subject of no concern to us. No civilized nation in the world, no Christian nation, could have turned these people back and with full realization of the difficulties which must be encountered, the grave responsibilities imposed upon us by the treaty of Paris.

We haven't been there long, but long enough to reach two conclusions: one, that the first duty of the United States is to suppress the Tagal insurrection and to establish law and order throughout the archipelago. That is the first thing we shall do. And the last, the very last thing we intend doing is to consider, even for a moment, the question of giving up or of abandoning these islands.

The insurrection against our legitimate authority, which, for the time, impeded our efforts to establish a government for the Philippines, involves us in a sacrifice of lives and of treasure. The difficulties we encounter in the Philippines are many, but the chief inspiration and encouragement of the Tagal insurrection comes from the Democratic headquarters in the United States.

The obstacles to the establishment of a civil government in the islands are many, but we shall overcome them. Mistakes will undoubtedly be made, but we shall remedy them. We shall in time extend over the archipelago the aegis of our protection and of free government, and we shall gradually, but surely, lift these alien and savage races into the light of civilization and Christianity. Meanwhile, American enterprise and ingenuity and push must be depended upon to develop the resources of the islands, and make them an added source of wealth to our country. The wise statesmanship of the president and our able secretary of state has already brought from the countries of Europe a recognition of our right to share in the vast commercial advantages which will follow the opening of the Chinese empire to foreign trade; the Nicaragua canal will soon be constructed; Hawaii, with its splendid harbors, will be the best of the Samoan Islands, with its magnificent roadway; the Philippines are almost at the door of China, and if counsels of fear do not prevail, this generation will see the American nation grinding its way to the top of the world, extending its foreign commerce to the uttermost parts of the earth, and taking its place among the great world-nations, a power for good, for peace, and for righteousness.

Yesterday was a day of conferences on the vice presidential situation. Beginning with a gathering in the room of Governor Roosevelt, it was continued in the rooms of Senator Hanna, later, when nearly all the leaders in the city were from time to time in conference with the chairman of the national committee. When the last man had disappeared Senator Hanna looked weary, but satisfied. He was ready to announce that Governor Roosevelt would not be nominated; that the men who were going to make the nomination would accept the declaration of Roosevelt made during the day, and supplemental of more emphatic declarations made some time ago, as final, and would not force the nomination upon him. Among the last men to see Senator Hanna were Chairman Odell of the New York committee and L. E. Gage, who dispatched the situation at great length. It was with these men that Senator Hanna labored. He told them that six weeks ago Roosevelt was wanted as a vice presidential candidate. He and other warm friends of the administration believed he would be a very satisfactory candidate. The bare suggestion brought out a protest from Roosevelt, a declaration in emphatic terms that he would not accept the place. After this declaration had been reiterated several times it was taken up by Senator Platt, who publically announced that Governor Roosevelt was not to be considered as a vice presidential candidate. Then other candidates appeared and in a dignified manner their interests were put forward by their friends throughout the country.

This plain talk from Senator Hanna cleared up what had been in doubt all day. It was evident that Hanna was not going to lie down. It was a distinct show of fight and a signal to the friends of the administration that opposition to forcing Roosevelt upon the ticket against his will would meet with favor. This tip did not circulate until quite late in the evening, but the effect was soon apparent. There were many real friends of Roosevelt who accepted his declaration as absolutely voicing his wish. It changed the current of talk and men who were confident 24 hours ago that Roosevelt's nomination was a foregone conclusion began asking: "Well, who will it be?"

The answer was generally John D. Long of Massachusetts. At once delegates began to reason that Long must be perfectly satisfactory to the administration of which he is a part, or he would not be a candidate for the place. This idea received encouragement in quarters which made the Massachusetts man a prime favorite.

A Sad Domestic Tragedy.
Cincinnati, June 18.—Herman Harmer came home drunk, knocked his wife and daughter down and was beating them, when his 15-year-old son jumped from bed, ran for his pistol and shot his father twice. The father died last night, and the son was held for murder.

Wheeler Relieves Wade.
Washington, June 18.—By direction of the president, General Joseph Wheeler was yesterday assigned to the command of the department of the lakes, with headquarters at Chicago. He relieves Brigadier General Wade.

Weather Conditions and Forecast.
Almanac, Wednesday, June 20.

Sun rises—4:07; sets, 7:24.
Moon rises—11:45 p. m.
High water—4:45 a. m.; 6:15 p. m.

The highest temperature reported in the United States Monday was 108 degrees, at Phoenix, Ariz., and the lowest temperature, 54 degrees, was noted at Nantucket, Mass., and Eastport, Me. Present conditions favor generally fair weather in New England, with slowly rising temperature. Along the coast the winds will be fresh from the north-east.

AMERICAN SEAL PAINTS

The Best Materials
mixed in the most expert manner give to
American Seal Paints
their durability and lasting brightness. Exactness in mixing and uniformity of materials make these paints most economical to use because they will cover more surface and wear longer.

A proper paint for every sort of service ready for instant use. Full information of any or all from the dealer, or of us if you write

THE WILLIAM CONNORS PAINT MFG. CO.,
675 River Street, TROY, N. Y.

O. S. THAYER Agent, North Adams

HAIR FALLING OUT!

Large Quantities Fall Out When Combing.

Constantly Troubled with Dandruff or Scurf.

You hear the above complaints almost every day. It has been said on good authority about sixty per cent of the entire population are troubled more or less with some ailment of the scalp. Eventually, if allowed to go on, some permanent disease of the scalp is sure to follow.

Luzon Hair Tonic
Is an effectual and speedy remedy. Being a vegetable compound it nourishes and invigorates the hair follicles.

For sale by
P. J. Malone,

Eagle Street,
Do not forget the name
"Luzon Hair Tonic."

Senator Whiskey

Can Only Be Had at
**Wilson Cafe,
Richmond House
and Darrow Hotel**

TINKER & RANSFORD,
Fire, Life, Accident Insurance. Steamship tickets on all lines
Adams National Bank Building,
North Adams, Mass



Style

in a woman's Shoe does not necessarily mean a sacrifice of ease and comfort in walking—the Herrick Shoe proves that. The Style need not cover inferior quality and workmanship either—the long service that The Herrick Shoe gives a woman proves that also. The Herrick is the easy shoe for walking, house or dress occasions. Stylish, durable, comfortable. The Shoe of quality—the Shoe of common sense. Your choice of three good grades and each one guaranteed—\$2.50—\$3.00—\$3.50.

THE HERRICK SHOE

Oxfords 50 Cents per pair less than above prices.

Special Notice—Name and price plainly stamped on sole of every shoe.

Sold Only by Pratt Bros.

MYRIAD ROSES IN BLOOM.

American Rose Society's Opening Summer Exhibit in New York.

The winter garden of the Eden Musee was beautiful with thousands of magnificent roses recently, the first day of the first summer exhibition of the American Rose society, says the New York Times. There were some 8,000 blossoms, red and pink predominating, with here and there a less familiar yellow and white. There were several new roses which promise to become popular, and the Bronx park botanical garden exhibited an interesting collection of type bushes.

One of the most attractive of the new roses is the Pink Pearl, a hybrid, produced by W. A. Manda of East Orange from the Wichuriana and the Meteor, a red rose. The Wichuriana is a single white rose, called popularly the Memorial. It is one of the ramblers and is a prodigious grower. It throws out innumerable shoots in a season and is a beautiful evergreen. The Pink Pearl will doubtless become a great favorite. It is a pink double blossom, the center with the petals crowded close together and showing a warm salmon pink, while the outer petals roll away and are of the most delicate shade, almost white, throwing out in relief the deeper colored center. The plant is covered with buds and blossoms, showing that it will be a prolific bloomer. Another attractive rose is a hybrid developed from the Japan Rugosa, a popular hedge rose, and the Alfred Colomb, one of the darkest of the hardy red roses. The new blossom, which is unnamed as yet, is a beautiful loose petaled double flower of a medium shade of red.

An exhibitor, Mr. Horvath of Glenville, O., has one of the largest and best collection of roses and among them five new roses. He has sent not only the blossoms, but the plant of each kind, and despite the distance they have come none of the roses exhibited was in better condition. One of the new blossoms which the Ohio man presented is a hybridization of the Wichuriana and the Rugosa, a beautiful and delightfully fragrant red rose. The Wichuriana was introduced five or six years ago, and it is only recently that either that or the Rugosa has been used for hybridization.

Another one of the new blossoms which attracted attention is the offspring of the Wichuriana and the Agrippina, which produces a beautiful little pink rose with small close petals and attractive little red buds. The plant had been pruned until it was a small, compact bush closely covered with buds and blossoms. Another blossom is a hybridization of the Wichuriana and the Belle Siebrecht, a white, loose petaled rose with a fragrance like the tea rose.

S. A. Siebrecht had a beautiful collection of 150 different roses, with many beautiful moss roses. His roses attracted special attention from the manner of cutting, not the most economical in the way of blossoms, for large sprays were cut, but it showed the roses and their buds to the best advantage, and experts declared that that was the way to cut roses. The exhibition from the botanical garden was interesting because it showed the type plants, 20 of them, the little single roses from which the large roses of today have been developed.

An Italian Engineering Project.

Italian engineers have not lost the daring of their Roman forefathers. A plan is before the Italian parliament for providing the three southern provinces, Foggia, Bari and Lecce, with water from Caposile, in the Apennines, by building an aqueduct 163 miles long, with branches that will bring up the total length to 897 miles, says the New York Sun. The land is very productive, but suffers in summer from malaria and drought, as its present water supply is drawn largely from swamps. The projected aqueduct will cost \$32,000,000 and will supply 283 towns and villages, with a population of 1,800,000.

Hard to Find.

"Jemenenty!" exclaimed Farmer Harix as he dropped his paper. "I reckon thieves must be kind of skceerous down to the city."

"Now, what in the name of goodness put such an idea into your head, Josh'way?" asked his better half.

"Some feller put an advertisement in the paper for one," replied the old man, "an what's more, he offered \$10 reward for any information leadin to the diskivery of one."—Chicago News.

INDIGESTION

Cured by Johnson's Dyspepsia Cure

"I suffered over two years with Indigestion and Nervous Dyspepsia, unable to eat or sleep. I tried several physicians and different remedies, but they only helped me for a short time. I finally decided to take Johnson's Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken three boxes, and am now feeling better than I have for two years. Have a good appetite, sleep well and have none of the symptoms of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, while I have gained ten pounds in weight within a couple of months. I am taking pleasure in recommending Johnson's Dyspepsia Cure wherever I can, and several of my friends are taking it with marked results."—A. Arnold, Clin. Large Box 50 cts. by mail, or five 2-cent stamps. Made at THE JOHNSON LABORATORIES, Inc. PHILADELPHIA.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

HER MEMORY

IT WHISPERED FOR YEARS.

From where he sat Professor Helfen could see beautiful, ever undulating stretches of green meadows, dotted with the darker green of the trees, and in the far distance the everlasting hills, majestically grand in the soft purple beauty of their vast rolling outline.

"Come back to Erin, mavourneen, mavourneen!" Joyously sweet and clear, nearer and nearer, came the voice. The professor sat motionless, listening with bated breath, lest he lose a syllable of that sweet old song, sung in that sweet young voice. As the voice ceased he looked out. Coming toward the house, balancing in either hand a foaming pail of milk, was a young girl. Even ere the song was finished a harsh, tired voice called sharply: "Come, Beth; don't yell so. You'll wake baby, and I've been an hour getting her to sleep. Hurry and set the table."

The professor grunted scornfully. "H'm! Yelling, is it? The voice of an angel! Music; I escape it not even here. I'll wait and listen."

The world was two months older. Into the best parlor shone the afternoon sunshine, playing gleefully on walls that seemed to shrink from the unaccustomed glare. In one of the prim straight backed chairs, at the front windows, sat Professor Helfen, while opposite at the other window sat a weary, sad faced woman, tearing idly at the red woolen curtain tassel that had never before been treated so roughly.

"My good woman, think! She has a fortune in her voice. She has a voice in a thousand—a gem. But it is in the rough. It needs polishing, years of it, and it must be polished gently. Then it will shine—oh, do!"

Over in the corner a slim, dark eyed girl hung on these words. Oh, to see this world, to have the dreams she had dreamed come true! She found herself listening again.

"Yes, yes, she can go, but bring her back, bring her back. I've seven, but I can't spare her forever." Then somehow Beth found herself in her mother's arms, who for once in her life of habitual self control had given way. And so the ultimatum went forth. Beth was to go.

Out in the garden twilight was falling. The beautiful tender sky colors were slowly fading into the dusk of night. The very air, full of the scent of the hay, was a caress. The very peace of it seemed a mockery to Paul as he stood before her. How could everything be so serenely beautiful while he was tasting the bitterness of life? He could not put it into any fine phrases, this desolation of his. He felt only that if this love should be taken out of his life the whole worth of his life was gone.

"You say you'll remember, Beth, but you won't—you won't. I know it as if years had already passed."

Only a boy in years, yet a man's pain had aged the stern young face. The pain in his voice touched the girl looking up at him.

"I'll work hard, Beth. By fall I'm going to the city with Lawyer Boote. I heard the professor tell you you couldn't love; art had no room for love. Beth, don't let him teach you to forget me. When he gives you such lessons as that, let what I say now so fill your mind that there will be room for nothing else. I love you, Beth, and some day you will be my wife. Perhaps if you hadn't been going away I should never have had the courage to tell you, at least for years. But I'm glad you know."

"Listen, Paul. I shall never forget. You know my nature too well to believe your own words. Forget you, with whom I have grown up, who have been the best part of my life? Ah, Paul, you know better. This is the hardest part of it—Paul—to leave you. It seems but a dream yet that I am really going—going to see the world that has seemed to exist only in books. But the years will soon pass, Paul. We are both young, and no lesson he may try to teach me can blot out the teaching of 18 years of life and with such a teacher. You believe me, Paul?"

And Paul, looking in the soft depth of her soul's eyes, was content.

The two weeks of the opera had begun. A long line of carriages was drawn up before C— hall, waiting to deposit their burdens—stately brought-smacking of solid respectability, smart landaus with gayly caparisoned horses, while along the streets leading to the hall groups of fortune's less favored subjects moved quickly, meeting at last in front of the hall, where they joined the large, well groomed crowd pushing slowly up the steps to sit in judgment and perhaps ultimately to pay tribute to the new prima donna, Mlle. Armstrong, a daughter of their own land.

In the dressing room before a mirror stood a girl, still in the flush of youth, looking with unseeing eyes at the pale, proud face framed in masses of heavy black hair, in which diamonds gleamed like tears of fire.

"I suppose they'll all be there in the very front, a row of awe-struck faces." She smiled as she thought of the six staring faces that had gazed strangely at her on her return home. "Would I have been like them, I wonder, with no taste of the glorious dishes with which the world tickles one's palate? Would I, too, have been content with their and my lot? Perhaps. Poor mother! She hardly dared touch me till I took her bodily in my arms. How horrified she was when I told her I had been on the stage! How she stammered

when she asked me if I wore that sort of tight trousers that looked 'as if they, grown on.'"

She laughed heartily a second. "And then I went to the old orchard, Paul. It was just such a night as that one—the night you told me not to forget. I'm afraid the forgetfulness is yours, after all, Paul. Foolish, unworthy of answering though they may have been, those letters came right from my heart. Pshaw! That laughter made my eyes dim for a moment. But you tired of them after a year. I'm afraid the professor was disappointed in me for awhile. But I had my art, and art leaves no room for love. That's the lesson you told me not to learn. Yet for seven long years, day after day, it has been a part of my daily food. Yet 18 years is almost thrice seven, Paul, and habit is strong. I wonder where you are."

In breathless darkened silence the vast audience waited for the opening aria, to be sung by this unknown singer, whose fame, rumor had whispered, would become worldwide. Then into the living silence came a voice so daintily sweet and soft it seemed born of the air. Slowly it rose higher and stronger, like a bird that gathers strength in its upward flight, till, when it seemed almost too heavenly sweet for an earthly voice, into the sight of the breathless audience came the singer. A moment of absolute, dumb silence, then the very roof sent back its echo to swell the triumphant ovation. But as the singer bowed right and left her eyes fell and lingered on the tear stained, happy face of the woman in the front seat.

Only a man in the proscenium box sat motionless in all the excitement. So this was Bertha, this beautiful woman who moved these thousands at her pleasure. This was the Bertha who had stood in the old church, the sunlight powdering the dusky hair with gold as it streamed in the chancel window while she sang "Come Unto Me." Her voice was glorious now. But coming down through the silence of eight years the voice of his memory sounded infinitely sweeter. With the dream of a sunlight shining like opals through the trees, sparkling like jewels in the dusky hair, with the pure scent of God's own air and the unutterable peace of nature, the glare of light, the glimmer of real opals and jewels, the hot perfumed air, the ceaseless rustle of silks, seemed a sickening substitute.

They were all here to see her. All had an equal right to look at and listen to her—her who by rights should be his alone. Well, she had learned her lesson well. Rising like a mocking whisper above the din of sound he could hear the voice, "I shall never forget, Paul."

At the end of the third act, an act of triumph for the little unknown country girl, a note was handed her. She tore it nervously open. "You looked long at me more than once tonight. I knew then memory was whispering to you. Was it faithful, I wonder? Did it tell you all? Did it tell you where and when we last met? Did it repeat the words that were spoken then?" There was no signature.

It seemed ages to Paul before the boy returned with an answer. He opened it slowly, yet with quick fingers. "Memory has been whispering eight long years, Paul. Can I then forget? Ah, 'tis you who forgot; all my foolish little letters unanswered. You were cruel, Paul. Didn't you hear me tell you my heartache in that last song? I was singing to you—not my fierce Italian lover. I'm alone after the opera in my dressing room." Like a flash he saw all; heard the professor's voice saying, "You can't love, child; art has no room for love." And the seven long years of silence grew shorter.

Paul knocked at the door the stage hand pointed out to him. He had evidently been expected.

"Who?" said a voice inside, answering his knock. "I—Paul!" And the door slowly opened.—Chicago News.

Some Useful Measures.

An experienced cook tells me that these are the measures indicated in the books: Two cups mean one pint; one cup of butter is half a pound; butter size of an egg is two ounces; one cup of granulated sugar is half a pound; two tablespoons (liquid) are equal to one fluid ounce; two wine-glasses are one gill; one teaspoonful of salt is a level teaspoonful; one teaspoonful of sugar is a rounded teaspoonful; four teaspoonfuls (liquid) are equal to one tablespoonful; one heaping tablespoonful of butter is one ounce; two heaping tablespoonfuls of flour are one ounce; two and one-half cups of pulverized sugar are one pound.—New York Press.

Scurvy.

Science has come to the conclusion that scurvy is caused by the impoverished condition of the blood, and that, in turn, is caused by poor food, and especially by tainted meat. It used to be considered that scurvy was caused by the want of fresh vegetables or lime juice, but it is known now that the eating of salted or improperly preserved meat or tainted meat in any form can produce scurvy even when lime juice or vegetables are being taken at the same time.

THE SONNET'S VOICE.

[A metrical lesson by the seashore.]
You silvery billows breaking on the beach,
Fall back in foam beneath the star shine clear,
And while my rhymes are murmuring in your ear
A restless lore like that the billows teach,
For on these sonnet waves my soul would reach
From its own depths and rest within your dear,
As, through the billowy voices yearning here,
Great nature strives to find a human speech.

A sonnet is a wave of melody;
From heaving waters of the impassioned soul
A billow of tidal music one and whole
Flows in the "octave," then, returning free,
Its ebbs and surges in the "sestet" coil
Back to the depths of life's tumultuous sea.
—Theodore Watts.

NEW STORY OF REMINGTON.

How the Well Known Artist Was Mistaken For a Manufacturer.

As Frederic Remington, the artist, who lives in New Rochelle, stepped from his train in the Grand Central station the other morning a thin man with an alert expression, who was standing near the waiting room with a fat, red faced man from Chicago, caught sight of him, says the New York Sun.

"Hello," he said, "there's Frederic Remington."

"Where?" asked the Chicago man with great interest.

"There he comes, the big fellow. Would you like to meet him?"

"You can gamble on it that I would," said the Chicago man. "I don't know



FREDERIC REMINGTON.

a citizen of your town that I would rather meet than Remington."

"I didn't know that you cared for his work, but I will be glad to introduce you."

"Care for it?" exclaimed the Chicago man. "It's the best thing in the market."

The thin man greeted Mr. Remington as an old acquaintance and then presented the Chicago man as a great admirer of his work.

"Indeed I am, Mr. Remington. I am proud to meet you. Remington is a household word 'with us," said the Chicago man.

"Indeed," said Mr. Remington, looking as any modest man might at such a tribute from the west.

"It is, for a fact," said the Chicago man. "And when I tell my wife that I have met Frederic Remington she will want to know all about you. She was my stenographer before we were married, and she used only your typewriter. I wouldn't have any other machine in the factory, and"

Mr. Remington walked away abruptly, and the thin man gasped and then explained to the Chicago man.

"Artist, did you say?" asked the latter. "Why, I thought he invented the typewriter. Now, isn't that enough to freeze your feet?"

One Kind of Married Life.

She—Your mother is awfully suspicious.

He—How does she show it?

She—Why, because we don't go out together evenings any more she thinks that we don't get along well.—Chicago Record.

A Versatile Practitioner.

"I understand that the aristocratic neighborhood into which your son-in-law, the doctor, has moved is a pretty healthy part of the city."

"Yes; he makes all his money doctoring dogs."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Spot Cash
is the Pivot on Which
Our Business Revolves.

---CLOTHING HOUSE---

72 MAIN STREET,

NORTH ADAMS

FAILURE

AVERTED!

Men's Suits

Men's and young Men's medium, light and heavy weight suits, made from double yarn cassimere, strong, homespun and mixed chevots. These suits are in various shades and intended for business purposes and as such are constructed on lines that will stand the strongest test the wearers can give them. The cut and fit is equal to that of the best sold by regular dealers at \$5 and \$6.

Outlet Price—\$1.98.

\$12 for \$4.98

Men's fine business or dress suits, regular \$12 qualities, made from a variety of dependable American weaves fit for any man to wear. warranted all wool.

Outlet Price \$4.98

\$22 and \$25 Suits for \$9.98

Men's and young Men's tailor-made suits, in best foreign and domestic wools, in every desirable shade and pattern, every garment the pink of perfection in style, fit and finish, every color guaranteed fast, every seam double sewed, collars hand padded, button holes hand made, words fall the writer to describe these garments, the equal of any \$25 suit in the city or money refunded.

Outlet Price \$9.98

Enormous variety of \$15 suits, OUTLET PRICE

\$18 Suits, OUTLET PRICE, \$6.98

\$27.98

Heavy 4 ply COLLARS 8c, 23 different Styles. Guaranteed the best wearing collar sold in North Adams at any price.

\$1.00 Straw Hats

\$1.50 Derby and Alpines.

79 cents

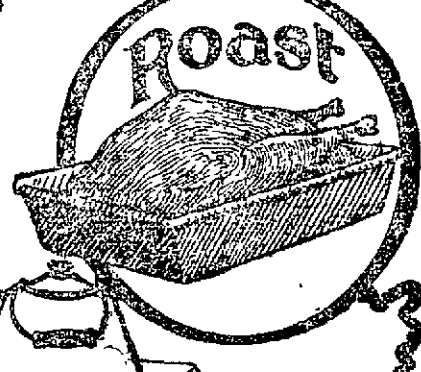
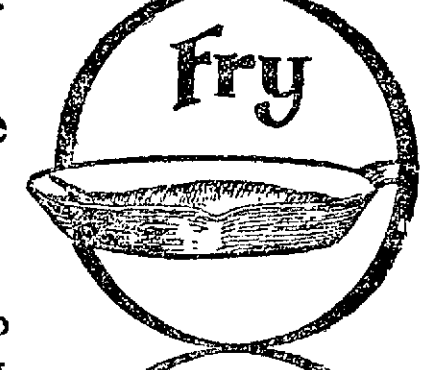
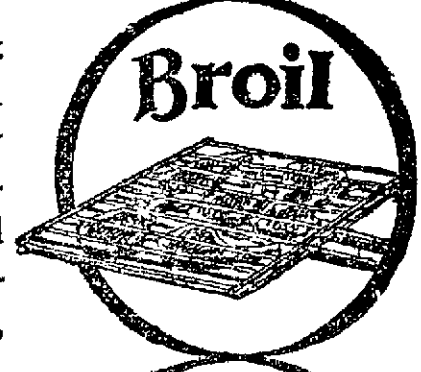
You Can-

do any cooking on a WICKLESS BLUE FLAME OIL STOVE that you can do on any stove. It is the best hot weather stove for a large family as well as the most convenient and the most economical for beginners in housekeeping. The blue flame is intensely hot, but the heat is concentrated in the cooking, not diffused through the house. It will not smoke pots, pans and irons placed directly over the flame. It is absolutely safe, very convenient and the cleanest stove made.

Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves

are made in several styles and many sizes to meet every housekeeper's needs. If your dealer does not have them write to

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.



WEST CUMMINGTON.

OLD FOLKS GATHERING.

The fourth annual gathering of the Old Folks' association was held at hotel hall, on Wednesday, the 13th inst. and a very pleasant occasion it proved. The weather was very favorable, and the old people from all the surrounding region turned out to enjoy the festivities of the day. There were present more than 100 who are over 60 years of age, the oldest being Mrs. Clarissa Dyer, 94, Milton Potter, 93, Elbridge

Ingraham, 89, Mrs. Caroline Dawes, 88, Daniel Taylor and Benjamin E. White, each 87. Mr. Ingraham is a life-long resident of Savoy; the others named reside in Cummington. Fourteen towns and cities were represented in the gathering. Refreshments were served, after which were the literary exercises. These had been liberally provided for and were very interesting and instructive, with half a dozen speakers in attendance. Music was furnished by a local quartet, singing old folks' concert tunes, "Strike the cymbal," etc. Resolutions of sympathy were made in behalf of E. S. Pettingill,

a member of the association who has recently lost a leg by an accident. Letters were read from Mrs. Kate Upson Clark of Brooklyn, N. Y., District Attorney Charles S. Gardner of Springfield, a native of this place, and editor Gere of Northampton. The mortuary record shows that five deaths have occurred during the year, two from Worthington, two from Windsor and one from Cummington. The following officers were elected: President, E. A. Atkins; secretary, William G. Atkins; treasurer, A. N. Hubbard. The meeting adjourned to the second Wednesday in June, 1901.

Spot Cash Buyers and Sellers of Manufacturers' Stocks.

---CLOTHING HOUSE---

72 MAIN STREET, NORTH ADAMS

FAILURE

AVERTED!

To the Public!

My advertisement appeared in last week's clothing magazine which is received by every wholesale clothing manufacturer in the United States, that we had \$10,000 in cash to buy stocks at 33 1/2 cents on the dollar (no higher) and in response to various telegrams and special letters importuning me to come at once, I arrived in New York where I found certain manufacturers of clothing in a most helpless, chaotic condition and eager to make any sacrifice to get the cash on the spot for their entire stocks without delay.

These enormous stocks (being of the finer grades) I finally bought at my own prices, the most ridiculously low prices ever conceived. Prices that do not represent one-half the first cost of the bare material alone. Immense cases of these stocks have arrived. The entire balance of these stocks has finally been arranged, and every garment is now on sale at prices that mean actual gifts to the people.

Extra salesman for this sale will be on hand all the week to serve you.

C. L. SUMMER

Child's suits

Every garment an actual BARGAIN, TRIUMPH.

\$1.75

Suits of mixed woolen chevrot, sizes 2 to 8, with sailor coat, fancy vest and knee trousers, sizes 9 to 16, with double breasted coat and double stitched pants, OUTLET PRICE

79 cents

\$4.00

Suits and \$5 Suits, the finest woollens human eyes can behold, an enormous quantity and variety, workmanship superbly good. OUTLET PRICE

\$1.98

Mothers and Guardians, 550 children's suits, all the manufacturer's had, all at less than 1-8 price go on sale tomorrow.

Pants

pants, finest fabrics, elegant variety. OUTLET PRICE

\$1.98

\$5.00

and \$6 pants, the best pants made, go on sale at OUTLET PRICE

\$2.98

\$2.50

Pants, manufacturers stock, OUTLET PRICE

\$1.24

Furnishing Prices

Blown to atoms. Men's Suspenders, 5c a pair. 20c socks, all colors, 8c a pair. 25c ties, OUTLET PRICE, 14c.

\$3 fancy Vests, \$1.49.

\$5 Raglan Vests, \$2.49.

The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$5 a year.

WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; \$1 a year in advance.

A. W. HARDMAN,
The Transcript Building, Bank Street,
North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all part of the world are received exclusively by the Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY

From seal of the city of North Adams

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 19, 1900

ADVERTISERS in the Transcript are the best business men in the community. Their advertisements are worth reading and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

THE GRADUATE'S AFFLICTION

Now is the season for the lecturing of the graduate. Wisdom descends upon him like a water-spout. The parson, the professor, the mayor, the governor, may be, solemnly tells him of the solemn things of life and each has his own recipe of faithfulness to duty and pursuit of success to recommend. In a day the trusting, unsuspecting graduate is dragged from the care-free prosecution of his studies and plunged into mad and whirling or deceptive and dangerous life. The tongues that talk to him might be clappers of funeral bells for all there is in them to suggest that they belong in a head that has not been seven years a stranger to laughter. The poor graduate! He has our deepest sympathy. Our heart goes out to him in an unspeakable tenderness. His pretty receptions, his class suppers, all the little, but to him important ceremonies in farewell to his school or college days are made miserable by the long-visaged, dyspeptic-like, sombre apparitions that are conjured up by the last draught from the experienced, black-bottle oracle. The sun is a delusion, summer is a freak of the imagination; the real things of the world are nightmare and winter. Babes at the breast may coo, but laughter on the threshold of maturity is a misdemeanor. The lily is in eternal rapture because the sable of the pall is not its coloring, and birds were meant to dole out dirges but they forsook the way in which they should go. A song is blasphemy, and a cheer is a crime that would rend the heavens asunder. To be merry is to invite the final cataclysm; the great reality is the tomb. The poor graduate! The poor, shivering graduate! The allurements of the dental surgeon in all their glory were never arrayed as one of these discourses on the art of life.

But a fig for the solemn philosopher. As brooks and rivers run so will life.

ANOTHER ROOSEVELT TURN

It was not so certain this morning that Roosevelt would be named for second place on the republican ticket. The news, given in last night's Transcript, from the convention city showed the anti-Roosevelt men more in the saddle than the managers of the unwilling rough rider. Under the pressure of the hour and largely influenced by his own preferences, Roosevelt issued a statement in which he practically begged the convention not to nominate him but he did not emphatically say he would not accept the nomination if it were given to him against his wishes. The Roosevelt boom then materially declined and the chances of secretary Long increased.

Roosevelt was in a tight place. Practically the delegates from every state wanted him to accept. The argument was that his name on the ticket would be a tower of strength. To consent meant the shelving that is the result of accepting the vice-presidency and to positively decline might mean his political death. When a man is facing an emergency like Roosevelt's he counts upon every possibility. In case Roosevelt absolutely declined to accept the vice-presidential nomination, and should New York fail to return a republican majority and the republican national ticket fall, Roosevelt would receive the condemnation of his entire party. He would, in that case, be politically dead, dead and no resurrection. This was a possibility that Roosevelt had to reckon with and it was no easy matter to decide upon a safe course of action.

Then, again, to decline the nomination might so anger New York republican leaders that his chances for the governorship would become very slim. In fact there are even now hints relative to this, brought out by the

tactful statement that he made yesterday afternoon. In all probability these hints are to influence him in the direction of the vice-presidency on the theory that a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

Botha wouldn't disarm at the suggestion of Lord Roberts and Kruger is reported as on "the road" with \$5,000,000 in gold. There you have the South African war situation in a nutshell. The conundrum is, where will Kruger spend his gold?

We had heard that Mark Hanna was the whole of the Republican party, and we are surprised that the proceedings at Philadelphia do not bear out the statements of our disinterested friends, the democrats, in this regard. But the more you know of what the democrats know the less, you know, you'll find they know.

The correspondent of the Springfield Republican at Philadelphia, no doubt Editor Griffin himself, is compelled to yield this much in praise of Senator Lodge:

Senator Lodge, by the way, utterly repudiates the story that he practically sacrificed the Long candidacy in a conversation with Hanna and Roosevelt early today. The merest tyro can understand that the sudden rise of Roosevelt has placed Mr. Lodge in a peculiarly embarrassing position, and it is to be said for him that he has acted with scrupulous honor in dealing with the complication. He promptly resolved to stand by Long heartily and go down with his candidacy if that must needs be.

Of course the reluctance of the writer is shown in such phrasing as "it is said for him," but the point is that the Republican man, on in Philadelphia seeking whom he may devour, cannot find the longed-for opportunity to bury his tusks in Long. A near view is informing to near-sighted people, and if the Republican should get closer to the men it maligns it would probably come to be a better citizen.

The Farmer's Monday Morning

Now that the Sabbath day is o'er,
Those shining clothes are seen no more,
But laid away with tender care
As only fit for sacred wear.
To rest in peaceful slumber profound
Till Sabbath day again come round.

On week days you are at a loss,
To see him trudge the fields across,
When you his home-made garments
Scorn.

To know him as the gentleman
Who, as the master of the place,
Took you to church with courtly grace.
His working clothes were made a score
Of years ago, or may be more;
Ill-fitting, threadbare, ragged, torn,
They look, to say the least, forlorn;
They clink his legs, his arms, his back,
That sighed for clothes and got the sack.

He is a picture as he stands
In some rich field, to view his lands;
So still in this, his musing mood,
As he weaves to the landscape glued;
That effigy, among the corn,
In elegance laughs him to scorn.

Yet Sunday ebb nor tolling gear
Can change or mar his right good cheer;
In him an honest hand and heart
And reverent soul have all a part;
B. his life ours we well might plan,
For, knowing him, we know a man.

In his wide house the country 'round
Has hearty welcome ever found;
Health glows from all about the place
As if reflected from his face,
He is not wealthy, that is true,
But what the world calls well-to-do;
He has enough at ease to live,
To leave his family and to give.

—Lynn, George Birdseye

JOKE ON THE ENGLISHMAN.

Repartee of a Boer as Told by Envoy

During his speech at Omaha the other night C. H. Wessels, the Boer envoy, told the following story, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.
"The English nation is great in wealth and soldiers. We know it when we began. There is a story told of an innocent, slow thinking Boer, who was only conversing with an Englishman. 'Why, don't you know that England is so great that the sun never sets on her soil?' said the Englishman to the Boer. The innocent Boer thought a moment and then replied, 'Yes, I guess that God is afraid to trust the Englishman in the dark.'"

Automobile Storage Rooms.

The coming fashionable apartment house will have storage rooms for automobiles. When houses were fitted up with bicycle storage rooms, it was regarded as something decidedly "modern." A new apartment house in New York is being planned with automobile storage rooms. The owner of the house intends to rent apartments only to persons who are wealthy enough to own automobiles, says the Chicago Record. Every arrangement will be provided for charging storage batteries, and this will necessitate the keeping of a staff of mechanics to clean, oil, repair and adjust the motor machinery of the self goers. In some cities the livermen have practically boycotted the automobile, claiming the electric vehicle injures their trade.

Latest Trick Game.

The newest trick game, according to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, is called kop-see and consists of a box containing six marbles, each of which must be placed in a particular hole.

Mere Dummy at Best.

Mrs. Joselyn—Don't you miss your husband very much now that he is away?

Mrs. Golightly—Oh, not at all! You see, he left me plenty of money, and at breakfast I just stand a newspaper up in front of his place and half the time forget that he really isn't there.—Tit-Bits.

STORIES OF BELLE BOYD

Famous Confederate Spy of Civil War Time.

TWICE SENTENCED TO BE SHOT.

Stonewall Jackson's High Appreciation of Her Services—Was Banished by Lincoln—How She Outwitted Many Federal Officers—Her Capture and Marriage.

The sudden death in Kilbourne, Wis., the other day of Belle Boyd, the noted spy of the Confederates, recalls another leaf in the history of the civil war. It recalls the thrill, the danger, the triumphs, the reverses, the many ups and downs in the life of the most determined woman foe the Union ever had. Little has been heard of Belle Boyd in recent years, and to the present generation her name recalls nothing, but the time was when that name caused many a secret council at army camps and many a plan was hatched to place its owner where she could not add to the harm she had done, says the New York Times. Living only in her undying love for the cause of the southern people, and debarré by her sex from carrying a musket, she dedicated to the Confederate army the only weapons that she possessed—a woman's beauty and a woman's wiles.

But recently out of school when the war began, she flung to the winds everything that was dear that she might help the flag of her choice, and her daring exploits and services to the Confederate army became familiar to the whole world. During her career she was twice sentenced to be shot, and for 11 months was a prisoner in the old Carroll and Capitol prisons in Washington. With indomitable will she kept in the struggle, however, until 1864, when, while trying to run the blockade with important dispatches, she was captured and banished from the country by President Lincoln. So highly did Stonewall Jackson value her services that after his defeat of General Banks on May 23, 1862, he sent her this note: "Miss Belle Boyd—I thank you for myself and for the army for the immense service that you have rendered your country today."

Her whole career was one of romance and adventure. Born in Martinsburg, Va., now West Virginia, in May, 1843, she was related to a number of the most noted families of Virginia. The Hon. Charles J. Faulkner, minister to France under the Buchanan administration, father of ex-United States Senator Faulkner of West Virginia, and Judge John Blair Hoge, United States attorney for the District of Columbia during the Cleveland administration, were her cousins. She had just finished her education in Mount Washington Female college in Baltimore when the war broke out. Her whole soul was with the Confederate cause. Her residence within the Federal lines and her acquaintance with many Union officers enabled her to gain much important information regarding the position and designs of the enemy, which she regularly committed to paper and, when opportunity offered, dispatched to the nearest Confederate commander.

In a hundred ways the 17-year-old girl was able to outwit many Federal officers whose gallantry got the better of their discretion. The flowers and poetry of her many epauleted admirers in the hated blue she kept, but all of the information of value which they indiscreetly dropped she immediately dispatched to her countrymen in gray. General Shields of the Union army was quartered at her house, and when he held a council of war she lay on the floor of her chamber above, with her ear to a hole, and taking down every word, sent it to General Jackson and thereby helped to win a great battle.

Very soon afterward her actions were suspected by the Federal officers, and she was arrested, but she soon flitted her way to liberty. Acting upon General Jackson's advice, she removed to Winchester in the summer of 1862, and it was there and then that she received her commission as captain and honorary aid to the general and thenceforward enjoyed the respect paid to an officer. Upon the occasion of the review of the troops in the presence of Lord Hartington and Colonel Leslie and again when General Wilcox's division was inspected by Generals Lee and Longstreet she attended on horseback and associated with the staff officers of the several commanders.

Her greatest service, however, was that of a spy. For months and years she withstood every privation and lived constantly within the shadow of death. Her name was passed from one Federal army to another, and the greatest honors awaited the officer or sentry who would capture her. The man who finally accomplished the feat afterward sacrificed everything for her. Belle Boyd was captured on the blockade runner Greyhound in 1864 by a gunboat in command of Lieutenant Samuel Harding of Brooklyn. She and two Confederate officers were being conveyed on the gunboat to Boston, and during the trip Lieutenant Harding lost his heart to the beautiful prisoner. He proposed marriage.

"So generous and noble had he been in everything," she said in telling of the romance years afterward, "that I told him I would be his wife, though our politics differed. 'Woman,' thought I, 'can sometimes work wonders, and may not even be come by degrees to love for my sake the ill used south?'"

Even before this romantic voyage was ended the implacable foe of her north connived at the escape of her two Confederate fellow prisoners. She herself was sentenced to be shot and afterward was banished from the country. Lieutenant Harding was arrested for allowing the two prisoners to escape, but was not convicted. Shortly afterward he deserted and followed the wretched rebel to England, where he married her, the Prince of Wales attending the wedding. He returned to this country later and, following his wife's example, became a Confederate spy. Harding lived only four years after his marriage. In 1830 Belle Boyd, who had become an actress, married Colonel John S. Hammond, an ex-British army officer, in New Orleans and went to live in California. She

LOCAL NEWS.

Jury and Divorce Cases

The following jury cases of local interest coming over from the February sitting of the Berkshire superior court will go first on the trial list of the June sitting in Pittsfield, which begins Monday, with Judge John Hopkins of Millbury presiding:
Jesse Nelson against Dexter B. Cook; Fred Harvey, appellant, against Catherine Reagan; Nora O'Brien against Fred E. White; George W. Mellen, appellant, against Edward H. Shaw; Mary Murry against city of North Adams; Charles H. Arnun, appellant, against August C. Formhalls; Nora A. O'Brien against Fred E. White; Eugenia Bros. against George N. Rich; Joseph Horn against Adams; Leverett W. Spring against Williamstown; George D. Cleveland, appellant, against N. L. Millard & Co.; Margaret D. Chilson against Annabel Head; Lizzie D. Lenox against the same.

Clerk of Courts Cande issued the trial list last evening, and it contains 51 jury, 47 court and 13 divorce cases. The latter list follows:

Mary Alger against William E. Alger; Angeline Rougeau against Henry Rougeau; Fred P. Pierce against Grace Pierce; Herbert E. Mason against Nellie G. Mason; Delina Mullett against Joseph King; Isabella Mullett against William Mullett; Lillian E. Pettit against William E. Pettit; Grace P. Ginnell against Edwin C. Ginnell; Mary Waterman against Arthur C. Waterman; Henrietta Phillips against Arthur Phillips; Ethel B. Ganter against Charles H. Ganter; Harvey E. Estes against Annis A. Estes; Charles F. Armstrong against Minnie R. Armstrong.

As Good as Nominated

In connection with the movement last evening towards Secretary Long for the vice-presidential nomination at Philadelphia, the Springfield Republican's correspondent says: "Indeed, Colonel Clarke and Mr. Plunkett are said to have telegraphed the secretary of the navy that he is as good as nominated."

Jell-O, The New Dessert

pleases all the family. Four flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it today.

VISIT BARNES' JEWELRY STORE.

When looking for silver novelties. His stock is well assorted and you will readily find something that will please you. Many are buying them for graduation gifts.

was divorced from her husband in 1884 and a year later married Nathaniel R. High, son of an Episcopal clergyman of Toledo, with whom she lived until her death. She lectured for years, principally at Grand Army encampments throughout the country, where many an old soldier remembered her as the most daring woman in the Confederacy.

UNIQUE GAVELS.

Description of Two For Use at Republican National Convention.

Two gavels made out of the wood of historic trees and historic buildings in all parts of the United States are to be presented to the Republican national convention at Philadelphia for the use of the chairman by Benjamin F. Smith of Stewart, O.

They have been specially made after two years' work in gathering the materials, and each bit of the wood is marked with the name of the state from which it comes and the number of the state's delegates to the Philadelphia convention.

After the convention, according to an Upper Sandusky (O.) dispatch to the Chicago Times-Herald, the plan is to present one gavel to Senator Hanna and the other to President McKinley. In the gavels there is dogwood from Hodgenville, Ky., where Lincoln was born; pine from the Matze residence in which James G. Blaine lived; walnut wood from Gettysburg, "Koe" wood from Honolulu, fir from a tree that was on exhibition at the Chicago World's fair, a bit of a log from a cabin in which John Brown lived at Ossawatimie, Kan.; wood from the New York Tribune building, wood from a palm tree near the City of David, Jerusalem, and wood from the fort of Burt Hill, constructed by the pilgrims in 1622.

These are only a few of the many bits of wood which make the gavels unique. The bits of wood have been so carefully fitted together that they give the gavels a very handsome appearance, and Mr. Smith is delighted with the results of his painstaking labor.

He has also used bits of the same wood to fit together two canes, one of which he will keep and the other give to a friend, and on these he has engraved the predictions he makes of the way the electoral votes of the different states will be divided between McKinley and Bryan, giving the former 308 and the latter 139 votes.

LITHOGRAPH STONE LEDGES

Valuable Discovery Made in the Black Hills, Near Hermosa, S. D.

What is likely to prove one of the most important discoveries made in the Black Hills for a number of years was made near Hermosa, S. D., a few weeks ago in the form of several ledges of lithograph stone, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. It is a fact well known to miners and lithographers that up to the time the present discovery was made no lithograph stone that would endure the demands of the trade could be found on the continent. As a consequence all first class lithograph stone had to be imported from Bavaria.

The stone was submitted to a long and thorough test and found to be equal in quality to the best that is imported. The Black Hills Porcelain, Clay and Marble company has purchased nearly 500 acres of the lithograph ledges and will erect two large plants, which are intended to supply the trade of the United States.

For Goodness Sake

let trashy Summer drinks alone. Use
WILLIAMS' ROOT BEER
You make it yourself at home and know what's in it. It's pure and healthful, bringing the color to the cheeks, making life bright and happy. Made from the purest roots and herbs. Costs only two cents a quart if made from our Extract. You restore what you're getting. It's the "old reliable" and has stood the test of years.
Williams & Carter Co., Hartford, Conn.
Makers of Williams' Flavoring Extracts.

Not a Friend of Pickleton.

"Sorry that Pickleton's name can't go in with the Hall of Fame crowd."
"Why?"
"Because if it could he'd have to be dead."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In the Potato Patch.



Mrs. Potato Bug—What are the weather probabilities for today?
Her Husband—Strong winds and heavy showers of paris green.

Last fall I sprained my left hip while handling some boxes. The doctor I called said at first it was a slight strain and would soon be well, but it grew worse and the doctor then said I had rheumatism. It continued to grow worse and I could hardly get around to work. I went to a drug store and the druggist recommended me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I tried it and one-half of a 50-cent bottle cured me entirely. I now recommend it to all my friends.—F. A. Babcock, Erie, Pa. It is for sale by Wilson House drug store, North Adams, Severance & Co., Williamstown; Dr. Thos. Riley, Adams.

BURLINGTON
Our weekly market letter, now ready for delivery is devoted to the financial situation, Burlington and the amalgamated and the Am. Agricultural Chemical Co. A copy will be mailed upon application and we respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

INTEREST allowed on deposits
ADVANCES made on collateral
NEW YORK AND BOSTON STOCKS bought and sold on commission for cash, or carried on margin
PRIVATE WIRE to New York
DISPATCHES from the leading financial agents at our clients disposal

Corey, Milliken & Co.
(Established 1890)
BOND AND STOCK BROKERS,
310, 311, and 312 Exchange Building,
BOSTON.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The owners and occupants of the following described parcel of real estate situated in the town of Florida in the county of Berkshire and commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the public are hereby notified that the taxes thereon assessed, according to the list committed to me as collector of taxes for said town of Florida, for the year of 1899, remain unpaid, and that said parcel of real estate will be offered for sale by public auction at the town hall at Hoosac Tunnel, in said Florida, July 14th, 1900 at ten o'clock a. m., for the payment of said taxes with the costs and charges thereon unless the same shall be previously discharged. The tax for said year 1899 is assessed to Cornelius Mead's est, whose address is unknown, and the property was described in a deed from Geo. M. Burnett to Cornelius Mead and Timothy O'Leary as follows, commencing at a stake and stones at the east lines of the county road leading from the dwelling house of Rice & Jenks, over Hoosac mountain to North Adams, at the intersection of the highway leading from said county road to Hoosac Tunnel, thence northwesterly on the line of said county road (200) three hundred feet to a stake and stones, thence easterly on land of Zedek King and Truman A. King, one hundred and forty-five feet to a stake and stones, thence south easterly on land of said King forty-three (43) feet to a stake and stones, thence easterly fifty-four (54) feet on land of said King to a stake and stones thence southeasterly on land of said King forty-five (45) feet to a stake and stones, thence on the northerly line of said highway to place of beginning, containing one half acre more or less.

Amount of taxes for the year of 1899 \$1.65 to which will be added any interest which may be due thereon. This sale will also be subject to 1988 taxes with interest thereon.

GEORGE A. LEEES,
Collector of taxes for the town of Florida, Mass., June 18th, 1900.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Berkshire ss:
By license of the probate court, I shall sell by public auction to the highest bidder, at the Flagg stables, so called, Main street, North Adams, Mass., Thursday, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the entire livery stock belonging to the James H. Flagg estate, including all horses, vehicles and livery equipment of all kinds used in connection with the Flagg stables in the said North Adams. Terms made known at time of sale or upon inquiring of me at any time.

JOHN A. BOND,
Administrator of the estate of J. H. Flagg.

BOSTON STORE BOSTON STORE

Challenge Sale

Wednesday's Specials

Dress Gingham
100 pieces fine dress gingham, the regular price 12½c and 15 cents. Challenge Sale 8 cents yard.

Muslin Underwear
500 ladies' muslin night gowns, yoke trimmed with two rows of insertion, regular price 69 cents. Challenge Sale 39 cents.

Percale Wrappers

Ladies' percale wrappers, all sizes, regular price 79c each. Challenge Sale 50 cents.

Ladies' percale wrappers with wide ruffle, regular price \$1 and \$1.25. Challenge Sale 79 cents.

\$1.00 and \$1.50 Corsets, Challenge Sale 50 cents.

W. B. Corsets

Every style in the \$1 corset. Challenge Sale 50 cents.

Summer Corsets

Ladies' Summer Corsets, sizes 18 to 30. Challenge Sale 18 cents.

Ladies' Summer Corsets, sizes 18 to 30. Challenge Sale 39 cents.

Underwear

Ladies' ribbed vests. Challenge Sale 5 cents.

Ladies' ribbed vests. Challenge Sale 9 cents.

Ladies' ribbed vests. Challenge Sale 12 1-2 cents.

Ladies' ribbed vests. Challenge Sale 15 cents.

Ladies' ribbed vests. Challenge Sale 19 cents.

Ladies' Ribbed vests. Challenge Sale 25 cents.

Near the New Ward 3 School

On North Eagle Street

very desirable home. House in good repair with all conveniences. 1-4 acre lot. Splendid Fruit. Prices and terms see or write

Harvey A. Gallup

Boland Block

Why Do You Buy

Piazza furniture of agents who offer inferior goods and ask you from 50 cents to \$1.00 more than I ask you for goods that are guaranteed to be all right. I have a good assortment to select from, all new goods and latest patterns.

The America Refrigerator takes the lead but I other have good makes to choose from.

Our Blue Flame Oil Stoves are all right. Common wick oil stoves all kinds.

Acorn Stoves and Ranges. Picture Framing. Screen Doors and windows made to order.

J. H. CODY,

House Furnisher and Undertaker, 22-30 Eagle St
Residence 58 Quincy Street.

Butter, Eggs Fine Cheese, Teas and Coffees

Best Vermont Creamery Butter 25c lb
New York State Creamery 22c lb
Good Dairy Butter 20c lb
Strictly Fresh Eggs, 16c dozen

TEAS AND COFFEES

Our assortment in this line is second to none in the city and our prices low.

Ceylon, Formosa, Japan or Gunpowder Teas from 35 to 40c per pound. Best Mocha and Java Coffee 80c pound, 4 pounds \$1. Mocha and Java Coffee 25c pound. Good pure Coffee 16c. Call and See Us.

Boston Butter Co.,

85 Main St. North Adams

Fresh Fish

If you are looking for quality we have got it.

First sword fish of the season.

Fresh native salmon.

Mackerel, butter fish, blue fish,

Black bass, sea trout, halibut, scup or porgies,

White fish, flounders, cod and haddock.

Clams and Lobsters. Clam bakes supplied.

Saunders & Ropes

Tel. 228-12 5 Eagle St

Great Millinery Sale

Cut price on everything in the store. All pattern hats at half price. Untrimmed hats at wholesale.

L. A. TUCKER, Over Rice's Drug Store.

Gloves Cleaned for 10 cents.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A complete traveler's guide, with railroad, street railway and postoffice timetables will be found on page 6.

News items of interest are gladly received by the Transcript, and should be left at the office as early in the day as possible.

Communications on live topics are solicited by the Transcript. They must in every case be accompanied by the names of the writers (not necessarily for publication if good reason - or withholding them as shown) and must be brief to insure publication.

Notices of meeting and events intended for the "Tonight's Events" department must be left at the office by 10 o'clock in the morning to insure insertion.

The Transcript's telephone number for counting room and news departments is 280.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

1786—Major General Nathaniel Greene, hero of the Revolutionary war, died at Mulberry Grove, Ga.

1794—Richard Henry Lee, president at one time of congress and first to introduce resolutions for independence, died; born 1732. Lee vigorously defended the resolution against the stamp act introduced by Patrick Henry. He was a delegate to the Continental congress from Virginia in 1774 and a "signer" of the Declaration when prepared. He opposed the federal constitution, but served his state in the national senate after the constitution went into effect.

1864—Battle of the Kearsarge and Alabama off Cherbourg, France.

1867—Maximilian, imperial emperor of Mexico, was shot at Queretaro by the republicans; born 1832. Maximilian was a brother of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria. He had been deposed as the real situation in Mexico, and on assuming the imperial dignity offered by a delegation of notables found bitter opposition at the hands of the Liberals. He was taken prisoner after a sharp battle at Queretaro and executed in retaliation for his harsh decrees against Mexicans who resisted his authority. Zealous efforts were made by industrial Europeans and Americans in Mexico to save the life of the hapless prince.

1886—Charles Augustus Hebert (Robert Pasha), Turkish agent and assassin, died at Milan.

1887—General Green E. Carter, a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, died in Chicago; born 1816.

TONIGHT'S EVENTS

Sons of Veterans meet.
Oneco lodge, I. O. O. F., meets.
St. Jean Baptiste society meets.
Hoosac lodge, N. E. O. P., meets.
Companions of Forest meet.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Local News on Pages 4, 5 and 8

—Greenfield republicans are moving for a Franklin county republican club.

—James H. Billings left yesterday to attend the republican national convention at Philadelphia.

J. F. Horrigan has moved his livery stable from the Wilson barns to T. P. Loftus's barn on Holden street.

The Women of the Universalist society will give their last supper of the season in the church parlors tomorrow evening from 5 to 7.

—A number of local people have received invitations to the 67th commencement exercises of Holy Cross college to be held June 21.

—The ninth grade at Drury will hold its graduation exercises Friday forenoon and the ninth grade at Mark Hopkins Thursday forenoon.

—William Ryan, bell boy at the Mansion house, was taken to the hospital in the ambulance this afternoon, suffering from inflammatory rheumatism.

—Today is one of the seven longest days in the year, being 15 hours and 17 minutes from sunrise to sunset. Yesterday was the first of these long days.

—A meeting of the special committee appointed to arrange for a ride of Rebeckah lodge will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the lodge rooms.

—Miss Laura P. Griswold has gone to Saratoga to attend the graduation of the high school, her niece, Miss Mabel I. Howe, being a member of the graduating class.

—A correspondent from Pittsfield has the following: The town and city of Pittsfield is the only town in Berkshire that has not had any decrease in population since the first census, taken in 1765.

—The Springfield Union's baseball writer says: "Catcher Toff did not report Sunday as ordered, so Manager Tom had to recall Wall's release or else take chances with only one catcher for two games."

—Henry Gates of Florida mountain recently set a common steel trap and had the good fortune to catch three rats in it at one time. This is a record that probably was never beaten with a trap of that kind.

—It is expected that Rev. and Mrs. B. E. Lovejoy will be present at the meeting of the Y. M. C. A. auxiliary to be held Thursday afternoon at Mrs. H. W. Clark's house. Mrs. Guss will speak on "Individual work in auxiliaries."

—Secretary Hall and Captain Sfrond of the local Y. M. C. A. headquarters and track team were in Pittsfield yesterday making arrangements for the Y. M. C. A. athletic field day in this city on the 30th. Twelve athletes from Pittsfield will take part.

—From the Pittsfield Eagle: For a small affair the strike of the shoe cutters in the Millard shop in North Adams seems to have developed a good deal of bitterness. It is to be hoped the peace and prosperity of the Tunnel City will not be seriously checked by this affair.

—The Drury senior supper will be held at the Wellington on Friday evening, after the graduation exercises. All ex-members of the class are invited, and the price of tickets has been reduced from \$1 to 50 cents for them. The last opportunity to secure tickets will be in the senior room at Drury tomorrow between 10 and 11. Harry Denberg, president of the class, will be toastmaster at the banquet.

—Prospects for a successful racing meet by the North Adams driving association July 10, 11, 12 and 13 are steadily growing more encouraging. A number of applications for stable room have been made. One man from Hoosick Falls this morning asking for room for several horses. It is expected that there will be 60 or 70 entries. A number of out of town horses are now being worked out on the track.

ADAMS MAN HELD

Charged With Passing Forged Check in Pittsfield. Another Sent to Jail

Frederick A. G. Stevens, who gave his home as Adams, was arrested in Pittsfield this morning charged with passing a forged check for \$5 drawn on the Third national bank of Pittsfield. Stevens was suspected last evening of trying to pass checks that were not good, but was not caught at it. He stopped at the United States hotel, and when he went to the office this morning tendered in payment for his lodging the check for \$5. Police Captain White was on hand and he was at once arrested. Stevens claimed that he had an account in the bank, but this was found to be untrue. He was therefore held and will be in court tomorrow morning.

W. J. Hanley of Adams and Walter Bradley of Dover, N. H., were sentenced to six months in jail from the Lee court this morning for being tramps. They were suspected of trying to enter the railroad station at Lenoxdale.

PAPER HANGERS FOUND FIRE

Hot Ceiling Causes Discovery in Time To Save Loss

A still alarm for the chemical was sent in this morning for a blaze in the Angel block on Eagle street. The fire was between the floor timbers of the third floor, and the flooring had to be torn up in order to reach the flames. As it was the damage was small, but the discovery of the fire undoubtedly saved a more serious blaze.

The discovery was made in a peculiar manner. The fire started from a cuspidor filled with sawdust, into which it is supposed a cigar was thrown last night, leaving the fire to smoulder all night and late into the morning.

Paper hangers were at work in the tenement underneath, and in hanging paper on the ceiling, the workmen noticed that the ceiling was extremely hot. It continued to grow hotter and hotter, until they decided that an investigation was necessary, resulting in the discovery of the flames.

BUNKER HILL DAY OBSERVED

Daughters of American Revolution Hold Outing at Park

Fort Massachusetts chapter, D. A. R., observed the 15th anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill yesterday with an outing at Hoosac Valley park. The start for the park was delayed somewhat by the rain, but was made at about 3 o'clock in a special car that was appropriately decorated.

Most of the afternoon was passed in informal ways, the program being brief. Mrs. Wellesley read extracts from the address of Daniel Webster delivered at the laying of Bunker Hill monument in 1825. A social hour with the serving of lunch followed, and the party returned late in the afternoon after a most pleasant celebration.

JUMPED FROM WAGON

Mrs. Cole of Adams Badly Hurt in West Main Street Runaway

There was a serious runaway accident on West Main street this afternoon that may result badly for Mrs. Cole of Adams, who was in the team. There were three in the party, and in going down the West Main street hill near Brown street, the holdback gave way, causing the horse to run. Nearly at the foot of the hill Mrs. Cole jumped from the team and struck on her head. She was rendered unconscious, and was believed to be seriously wounded, there being a long cut on her head. She was taken to the hospital in the ambulance, where she was cared for by Dr. Stafford.

It is possible at this writing to learn anything definite in regard to her condition.

CHESHIRE

Frank, Robert and Harry Reynolds, Dr. C. D. Kinsley, George Hastings, Stowell Cummings and Henry Blood went up on Greylock Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mason and family of Pittsfield are guests at Harry Masons.

Grace Phillips is ill with scarlet fever. The ladies of the Universalist church will hold an ice cream social on the church lawn this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hastings are visiting friends in Adams.

George McCann of Pittsfield has been in town over Sunday.

The Burlington place is undergoing repairs.

Will Smart of Boston has been the guest of Cheshire friends.

The ladies of the Universalist church will serve ice cream and cake Tuesday evening on the church lawn.

Mrs. J. N. Stillman and granddaughter of Berlin, N. Y., are visiting Mrs. Charles Ingraham.

A business meeting of the Epworth league was held at the Methodist Episcopal church Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bruno of Sydney, N. Y., are in town for a few days. G. Z. Dean has gone to Boston on business.

SEVEN YEARS IN BED. "Will wonders never cease?" Inquire the friends of Mrs. S. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Burlington & Darby's drug store.

Mrs. L. E. Nichols of Williamstown has taken from Mrs. McKenzie of North Adams, the agency for Madam Wood's undershirts. Orders promptly filled on receipt of postal card, addressed to Mrs. W. E. Nichols, Chambers block, Spring street, Williamstown, Mass.

DOING FIELD DUTY

Second Regiment's Work in Camp. The Knock Out Drops Case

The field work of the Second regiment in camp at South Framingham began today. The plan for the trip is thus given by the Union's correspondent, dated yesterday:

Tomorrow the Second will move out of camp at 10.30 in the afternoon for two days' field work in the vicinity of Nobscot mountain. Colonel Darling of the Sixth, with two battalions of his regiment and details from Light Battalions B and C and Troop F of cavalry, will "hike" out at an early hour and take a defensive position, while the Second with the remaining battalion of the Sixth and all of the artillery and cavalry, will act as the pursuing force and attack Colonel Darling. The troops will go out in campaign, and uniform, heavy marching order, and will take shelter tents. These were issued in the Second today by Quartermaster W. E. Parsons, and the veterans of the Spanish war eyed them with somewhat mixed feelings as they were issued.

Concerning the knockout drops case in which the Republican correspondent yesterday stated that a company M man was nearly killed, the same correspondent now has the following:

Captain Crozier of Company M is anxious that a wrong impression created regarding the conduct of his men be corrected, as it is shown that the man who required treatment in the regimental hospital on Sunday because of something he drank while on a visit to one of the battery tents, did not belong to the Adams company. He did belong, however, to one of the Second regiment companies from outside of Springfield. There is a difference of opinion, even among the hospital corps, as to how the man became so suddenly ill, but it is enough to say he is now out of danger.

The following is the bill of fare that the soldiers are given for the week. In addition to the dishes enumerated, rice, bread, tea, coffee and milk will be served at every meal.

Saturday—Dinner, steak, onions, fried potatoes, turnips; supper, ham and eggs, fried potatoes.

Sunday—Breakfast, beans brown bread, fried eggs, fish balls; dinner, roast beef, baked potatoes, onions, beets, turnips; supper, cold beef, bacon and eggs, fried potatoes.

Monday and each day until Friday—Breakfast, lamb chops and eggs; dinner, New England boiled dinner, supper, corned beef hash, cold meats.

Friday—breakfast, fried mackerel, ham and eggs; dinner, baked fish, roast beef and vegetables; supper, fish hash, fish chowder, cold meats, fried potatoes.

RATIFICATION MEETING

Republicans to Endorse National Candidates Thursday, R. T. P. Democrats

The first meeting of the new republican club in its rooms on Bank street will be held Thursday evening of this week. It will be in the nature of a ratification meeting, to endorse the candidates of the republican convention, and some interesting speeches are expected. The furniture is being moved into the rooms today.

There was a largely attended meeting of the R. T. P. democrats last evening in their rooms on Main street, and a discussion on the money question was led by C. A. Parker and M. R. Ford. A number of new members were voted in.

BLACKINTON

The following is the program for the graduation exercises of the Blackinton school to be held Thursday evening:

Song, Spring, Chorus

Essay, "Dwight L. Moody," Chorus

Mabel S. Watts, Chorus

Essay, "Puerto Rico," Algie Domin

Essay, "Shopping," Bessie C. Rickards

Solo, "Boy Blue," Grace Kinsey

Essay, "Resources of Alaska," Chorus

Bernest Netherwood, Chorus

Essay, "Oliver Cromwell," John Taft

Essay, "Achievements of an age," Chorus

Alma F. Peasey, Chorus

Song, "The shower," Chorus

Sunday was Children's Sunday at the Union church and it was the most successful in the history of the church. A large number were present and the floral decorations were exceptionally fine.

The Blackinton Juniors won two ball games on the home grounds Saturday afternoon, defeating the North Adams Juniors, 7 to 5, and the Father Mathew Juniors 11 to 5. Next Saturday they play the Drury Juniors.

Vernor Spistrom of Lawrence returned home Sunday after a short visit in this city the guest of Charles E. Washburn and family. He was accompanied by his daughter Lillian, who has been here the past two weeks.

A daughter was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. George E. Brangan.

A committee from the local Father Mathew society called on the societies of Dalton and Hinsdale Sunday to talk over the coming field day to be held July 4. They found the above societies very much interested and arranging to send large delegations. Dalton will send two cadet companies, besides the regular society. The Marine drum corps of Pittsfield and 75 members of the ladies aid, Hinsdale will send their cadets, also the society and band.

Bert White of Blackinton, who is now serving in the regular army in the Philippines, has been ordered with his regiment, the 9th U. S. Infantry, to go to China. He has been in the Philippines since the outbreak of the war there and has seen a great deal of fighting.

The 10-weeks old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Tebbetts was buried Monday afternoon in the Blackinton cemetery. The child died about midnight Saturday night from cholera infantum.

Mrs. Adams and daughter of Brantford, Ontario, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Doane.

There will be an exhibition of the work done by the Blackinton schools Wednesday afternoon in school hall. The exhibition will be confined to work of art.

BARNES' JEWELRY STORE. Is the place to buy watches. Why? Because he has a large assortment to choose from, none but the best, and you can depend upon their reliability. They make nice graduation gifts.

THE WAR HAS BEGUN

(Continued from First page.)

Taku are now occupied. The Chinese opened fire unexpectedly. The casualties to the mixed forces were as follows: Killed—British, 1; German, 3; Russian, 12; French, 1; wounded—British, 4; German, 7; Russian, 45, and French, 1. The Chinese torpedo boats were seized.

The Shanghai correspondent of The Daily Mail, telegraphing yesterday, says: "The forts began firing in obedience to orders from Pekin, conveyed in a personal edict of the empress dowager, by advice of Kang Yi, president of the ministry of war. Several warships were struck by shells from the 12-inch guns of the forts. The heavy Russian losses were due to the blowing up of the magazine at Mandshur. Four hundred Chinese are reported to have been killed. The Chinese, when retreating, fell into the hands of the Russian land forces."

The Daily-News has the following from Chee Foo: "Two of the forts were blown up. The 32 warships at Taku aggregated 200,000 tons and carried more than 300 guns."

The failure of Admiral Seymour's column and its retreat to Tien Tsin increases, it is presumed, the peril of the legations in Pekin.

The situation at Niu Chwang is reported critical. The British consul at Kiu Kiang has ordered all foreigners to leave Kiu Ling and Nau King Chang.

The powers are taking prompt action. Four thousand German troops have been ordered to China; 10,000 French troops are waiting to embark at Saigon, capital of French Cochinchina, and from 3000 to 5000 more Russians have been ordered from Port Arthur to Taku.

The news of the shelling of the forts at Taku has created great excitement throughout Japan. It is reported that the powers will ask Japan to send 2000 troops to suppress the revolt. It is probable that the government will consent. Additional transports are being prepared.

Taku is situated at the mouth of the Pei Ho, southern bank of the river, about 67 miles from Tien Tsin, with which it is connected by a railroad. It is noted for the three engagements that have taken place there between the British and the Chinese.

Part of the Tien Tsin army corps has modern organization and arms and is stationed at the Taku forts. Between Taku and Tien Tsin, the center of the defenses and chief arsenal of northern China, are permanent camps, where there are usually 30,000 troops, infantry, cavalry and artillery, armed with Mauser rifles and Krupp guns.

The cavalry also carry Mauser carbines. These troops have been well instructed for 10 or 12 years by foreign officers. The armament of the Taku forts consists of very heavy Krupp guns, and the approaches to the forts from the Gulf of Pechili are extremely difficult.

The fortifications consist of three forts: a large one on the right bank and two smaller ones on the left. All the forts are armed with numerous guns of the most varied systems and caliber.

In the construction of all forts of the second zone the muddy soil of the dry coast was used, which, during the dry season, becomes hard and crumbles very easily, and the garrison is continually making repairs. In Taku are the materials for closing up the mouth of the Pei Ho. All the coast fortifications have mines.

Wonderful.

Two sailors noticed that a shark was following their ship. Not knowing how to get rid of it, they threw a chair overboard.

The shark swallowed this, but still followed.

The sailors then threw a box of oranges overboard to it.

The shark swallowed this and still followed.

The men seemed completely beaten for a moment what to do until one of them said that those on board should draw lots for who had to satisfy the shark.

It fell to an old woman. So the sailors tossed her overboard, and the shark ate her at one bite.

This did not content the fish, which still followed. So the sailors harpooned it and dragged it on board.

On opening it they found, to their surprise, the old woman sitting on the chair selling oranges "three a penny."

—Pearson's Weekly.

A SONNET OF WORK.

Where's our labor and our bitter sweat?
The seed we sow we tramp in the dark;
The flame we strike; our own team quench the spark;

The white that we would purify we wet
Our grimy print upon, and we forget
Thy ways and thoughts are not ours and hark
Toward what we take to be some heavenly mark

And find we serve the devil to abet;
Then do thou blind us that we may not see
The measure of our own folly.

Let, seeing, we should cease to work and die,
Or give us sight that we may know thereby
How through our labor, whatsoe'er it meet,
We reach toward thee who knowest no defeat.

—Barthine Warren in Atlanta.

Merely Spectacular.

"I suppose you will heed the old adage 'Make hay while the sun shines,'" remarked the jovial but unoriginal boarder.

"Yes," said Farmer Cornstossel, "I suppose we'll have to make a little hay, so that the summer boarders can watch us and get the impression that they are seeing real country life."—Washington Star.

Easily Remedied.

Mrs. Gallagher—An phwat'll Oi do at all, Molke? This machine only goes up to 15 stone, an Oi'm 16 stone if Oi'm an ounce.

Gallagher—Get on twolve, Bridget, an ad up th' totals!

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Mrs. Gallagher—An phwat'll Oi do at all, Molke? This machine only goes up to 15 stone, an Oi'm 16 stone if Oi'm an ounce.

Buy a Walking Skirt and Be Comfortable.

They were a fad, but sensible ladies see the comfort and sensibility of them—that's why they are so popular.

You ought to have one and take comfort this summer. They are worn everywhere. Now the prices.

\$3.98

\$3.98 buys an all wool skirt, both sides plaid, well made and fine for \$3.98.

\$4.98

\$4.98 skirt is our leader, equal to any \$6.50 skirt shown in town. Colors, blue, grey and brown. Plaid backs and 14 rows of stitching at bottom. Remember \$4.98 buys this \$6.50 skirt. We are giving about 33 per cent discount now on all suits in stock.

Silk waists and separate skirts at the lowest price you ever knew.

Get our prices first.

Tuttle & Bryant

The Leaders

Sterling Silver

Bon Bon Dishes, Sugar and Cream, Berry Bowls, Bread Trays, Spoons, Forks, Fancy Pieces, Etc. Satisfy yourself on our prices.

Spruill's Crockery Store

97 Main Street.

Hoosac Savings Bank Block.

Death to Corns

Now is the time your pet corn will annoy you most during the hot days with tight shoes. But if you will use

Death to Corns

Six nights you will have no corns to annoy you. 15c at

The Holden Street Pharmacy

T. C. Farley, Prop.

Buy no bread without the union label.

AT BARNES' JEWELRY STORE. Will be found the richest solid silver sets in chests, or elegant goods in separate pieces. All goods engraved with monogram or initial free of charge.

A FAST BICYCLE RIDER

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Burkin's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and piles. Cured guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by Furlingame & Darby's, druggists.

AT BARNES' JEWELRY STORE.

Can be found beautiful gems in Libbey's cut glass. There is nothing on the market today that equals this make in beauty and richness.

Low
Prices
Prevail
at

Dickinson's

from the very inexpensive
to the most elaborate

Gifts

You find the stock new
and desirable still.

Prices Reasonable

Dickinson's

Jeweler, Stationer, Art Dealer

New Wellington Block,
State Street.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADINGS OF 20 WORDS OR LESS FOR 50 CENTS A WEEK, OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 25 CENTS.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Front room and bedroom, suitable for man and wife or dressmaker, on ground floor. Call at this office. r23tr.

WILLIAMSTOWN

PARISH MEETING.

Congregational Society Decide to Build a Parsonage.

A parish meeting of the Congregational church was held yesterday for the purpose of discussing the advisability of building a parsonage. It was voted to build a parsonage which should not exceed \$8000 in cost. It was also decided to build the house in the rear of the church. The following committee was chosen: Building committee, Dr. John Bascom, N. H. Sabin, Perry Smedley, Charles Mather and J. W. Bullock; advisory committee, Mrs. John Bascom, Mrs. N. H. Sabin, Miss Millicent Ford, Mrs. P. C. Severance, and Mrs. W. H. Butler; soliciting committee, Dr. John Bascom and Henry Sabin. The committee will have the plans for the house started at once and as soon as the plans can be drawn and approved of the building will commence. \$700 has already been given for the building and several other members of the church have stated their willingness to contribute. It was also voted at the meeting to hold their services during the summer in the large part of the church.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

John A. Torrey of the Gale farm met with an encounter with an ugly bull Saturday and as a result he is suffering from serious injuries. The bull was one which Mr. Torrey had for some time had the handling of, and he became quite accustomed to him, and had no fear of him. He entered the stable Saturday as usual and had just turned him into the yard, when the bull suddenly turned and catching him unaware threw him several feet in the air. Mr. Torrey fell to the ground and downward, but as soon as he struck the ground the bull was again upon him and placing both feet upon him held him for some time to the ground. Not being satisfied with this treatment he began to roll him over and over on the ground. James Fitzgerald who was standing near made several efforts to release him, but without avail. He finally succeeded in sticking his finger in the bull's eye thus making him raise his head. As he raised his head Mr. Fitzgerald struck him with a large stone, and while the bull was in a dazed condition Mr. Fitzgerald succeeded in dragging him out of reach. Four fingers on Mr. Torrey's right hand were broken, and he was badly bruised about the shoulders and back. He was attended by Dr. J. B. Hull.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER.

An important real estate exchange took place yesterday when F. C. Severance exchanged his block at the station for F. E. Moore's house on Hoxie avenue. The block was built several years ago by Mr. Severance. It has two large stores on the first floor, and a large hall and tenements in the upper stories. The house which was owned by Mr. Moore was the one which recently came into possession. It is the fourth house on the west side of the street, and is occupied at present by Mrs. Blake.

DEATH OF MRS. LARABEE.

Mrs. Marie L. Larabee, age 58, died very suddenly Sunday evening from heart disease. She was apparently as well as usual up to a few minutes before her death. She was in the act of getting supper for her grandson when she fell to the floor. Dr. Lloyd was called but was too late to be of assistance. Mrs. Larabee was the widow of the late Benjamin Larabee, and has spent the greater part of her life in this town. She leaves several children and several grandchildren, who are living in White Oaks. She was very well known and had many friends who will mourn her loss.

Announcement was made Sunday of the coming marriage of Miss Anna Fowler of this town to W. J. Cannon of Boston, which will take place June 27. Miss Rowley is a very popular young lady and is receiving congratulations from a large circle of friends. Mr. Cannon is also well known in this town.

A lawn party will be given this evening on the lawn in front of the Methodist church.

Harry McComber has accepted a position as clerk at the Sand Springs hotel. Lewis Vandenberg has returned to his home in Bennington, Vt., after a short visit in town.

The trap rock for Spring street has arrived and is being placed on the road. The work will now be pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

The regular meeting of the Women's Relief corps will be held this evening. A large crowd from this town attended the dedication services in North Adams Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. George Gibson of Troy, N. Y., is the guest of Dr. J. E. Hull.

Mrs. Charles Auburn of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting at the home of George Kellogg in White Oaks.

Children's day services were held in the Congregational church Sunday morning and afternoon. In the morning Rev. W. H. Butler preached to the Sunday school, and in the afternoon children's day program was carried out. The program consisted of recitations and musical selections.

Gus Winchester an engineer on the Fitchburg railroad got a cinder in his eye Saturday which proved very painful. It was removed by Dr. Lloyd.

William H. Tibbets, the infant son of John E. Tibbets died Sunday. The funeral was held from the house yesterday afternoon from the parents' home on the North Adams road. Cause of death was cholera infantum.

WANTED

At once, two first class paper hangers. Inquire H. E. Roberts, Spring street, Williamstown, Mass.

LOST.

A female black and white spaniel setter, Finder will receive reward on return of same to E. B. Noel, Cole avenue, Williamstown.

A Card

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Green's Warranted Sore Throat or Cough Syrup if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Buringame & Darby, J. H. Pratt, C. G. Bartlett, Canady & Bloomer, Carl M. Farley, John A. Rice, Wallace Keane, Franco-American Pharmacy, T. C. Farley, F. J. Malone, G. A. Healy.

A PILL A DAY

One of Person's Pills every day for a week will do more to cure Biliousness, Stomach Headache, Constipation, and all Liver and Bowel Complaints, than a whole box of irritating, drastic pills or remedies. Put up in glass phials, boxed, etc. J. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

JAPAN'S MODERN NAVY.

Particulars of the First Review of the Fleet.

GOOD SEAMANSHIP DISPLAYED.

Its Strength Revealed to the Emperor and Foreign Attachés—What British Officers Think of the Ships and Men—Comparison of Japanese and Russian Naval Power.

The first maneuvers and the first general review of the Japanese fleet have just been completed, writes the Yokohama correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser. For the first time the emperor has gained a coup d'oeil of his magnificent navy, and the showing made justifies the deep pride which the Japanese take in their naval accomplishments in the last few years.

The week's maneuvers were carried out in strict secrecy, foreign attaches and newspaper men being barred. But attaches and journalists were welcom-



EMPEROR OF JAPAN.

ed to the review in Kobe bay and had allotted to them the Toyohashi, a torpedo tender, with every facility for observation as well as entertainment. The review was carried out without a visible hitch or miscalculation, every evolution being effected exactly as intended and on the minute scheduled.

As early as 7 o'clock all the guests on the Toyohashi were astride, and the fleet was in review order—an immense rectangle within which warships lay anchored in four lines three miles in length parallel with the shore. The new battleship the Shikishima, the first three funneled vessel of the Japanese navy and said here to be the greatest battleship afloat, had the place of honor at the head of the first line, the farthest from the beach of the bay. Seventeen other battleships and cruisers made up the two outer lines, while torpedo boats, destroyers and other small craft composed the inner lines. In all the ships in review were these: Five battleships, three coast defense ships, 13 cruisers, one torpedo tender (the press boat), one torpedo gunboat, ten destroyers and 17 torpedo boats. The press boat was placed at the head of the second line from the shore and was thus abreast of the battleships Kasagi and Shikishima.

At 8 o'clock the bugles rang "Dress ship," and promptly the banner lines ran from mast to mast and thence from stem to stern. At 9 o'clock the ships of the imperial escort came into view through the purple haze of Wada point to the south, the Asama leading, followed by three cruisers and a torpedo boat. At the same time the crews on the waiting ships were piped up and ranged shoulder to shoulder around the decks. There was a moment of silence, and then, answering a shot from the Asama while she was still a mile away, the royal salute began, every vessel firing 21 guns with its heaviest piece. The Kobe hills confined the noise, and pandemonium followed for ten minutes.

Slowly the Asama approached, the silence following the salute being broken only by the faint sounds of the bugles playing the national anthem, "Kimi ga yo." But as the Asama passed the first ship of the outer line one realized that he was participating in an oriental review. The cheers that broke out from time to time while the emperor was approaching died out and were followed by absolute silence as the flagship slowly swept forward, passing the whole length of the outer line and through the central avenue of the two inner lines. Exactly one hour was taken to complete the inspection, and then, as the Asama left the lane of ships, the massed men on the decks around us disappeared in the twinkling of an eye, and the review was over. After the review the emperor entertained the attaches and other distinguished foreigners and Japanese on board ship. At 3 o'clock the emperor left for Maiko, and the royal salute was repeated.

The British navy was represented by Captain Ortliey and two lieutenants. The United States was not officially present. The British officers highly praised the handling of the ships and the shape in which a close inspection showed them to be. It is customary to be complimentary on such occasions, but it was plain that these officers were deeply impressed with the discipline of the crews and the skill of the officers as well as with the showing of ships and guns. One of these gentlemen said: "The Japanese naval officer is generally speaking, not only as well trained in a technical sense as the military man, but he is a finer man physically, more interested in his profession, less flatter, less given to stupid forms

of vice. Since the modern navy was formed no ships of any kind have been lost through negligence or faulty navigation. There is no doubt that in respect to seamanship, skill in gunnery and bravery the Japanese fleet would give a very good account of itself against any force of equal strength."

"Any equal of British naval force?" was asked.

"Yes," was the reply. "To give a good account of oneself is not to win," he added.

My next question was aimed to draw forth a comparison of Japanese and Russian naval power. It was only partially successful. "No greater contrast can be imagined," the officer said, "than that to be found in the engine rooms of Japanese and Russian warships. The Japs keep their ships as clean as English men-of-war are kept, while the Russian ships are nearly as dirty as the Chinese vessels. The truth is that the Japanese is a sailor, though circumstances are against him; the Russian is not a sailor, although Russian emperors since the days of Peter the Great have tried to make them seamen." I may add that it is the opinion of all competent and unprejudiced observers in the east that Russia would not stand any chance whatever with the Japanese on the water. On land there would be another story to tell.

As I have said, the maneuvers preceding the review were kept so closely shrouded in mystery that no one knows anything about them. In general, however, it is understood that a squadron repelled an assault in the inland sea, attempts at torpedo boat surprises and night attacks. The results are said to have been "highly reassuring." This is the official phrase. At all events, Japan has shown that she can assemble a fleet of modern ships equal in every way to the combined naval force of Russia, Germany and France in the far east.

New Naval Formation.

The "hexagonal plan" is a new naval formation recently tried by a French fleet in the Mediterranean, says the Philadelphia Record. There is one vessel at each angle of the hexagon, and the admiral's ship occupies the center. Their bows all point one way—that in which the squadron sails. The admiral is equidistant from all the rest and seen by all equally well. Every one is 400 yards from the next, but the space can be reduced. In case of more vessels under the command the excess would form a reserve, with torpedo boats added to it. This new order of battle is held to require fewer signals than others.

For Live Stock Exposition.

Preparations are being actively made for the international live stock exposition to be held at the Union stockyards in Chicago Dec. 1 to 8, says the Chicago Post. A classification book has been issued by General Manager W. E. Skinner containing the general rules and regulations governing the exhibit and a detailed classification list of the various grades of live stock. Winners at the exposition are to be awarded handsome prizes, and it is predicted that the exposition will be the largest of its kind ever held.

The large box mill, handle factory and sawmill of the Derryfield Syndicate company at West Derry, N. H., were burned, no stock or machinery being saved. Loss, \$10,000.

Bessie Crandall, aged 12, and Anna Hickey, aged 15, were drowned in the Hudson river a short distance below West Point.

BUTCHER, MICH., MAY 22.

Gentlemen—My mamma has been a great coffee drinker and has found it very injurious. Having used several packages of GRAIN-O, the drink that takes the place of coffee, she finds it much better for herself and for us children to drink. She has given up coffee drinking entirely. We use a package every week. I am ten years old. Yours respectfully, FANNIE WILLIAMS

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Sealed bids for coal (soft, egg, stove and chestnut) 400 tons or less, to be delivered at the several public buildings as required until May 1st, 1901, will be received on or before June 20, 1900, at 4 o'clock p. m.

The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals.

Bids must be enclosed in envelopes sealed and marked, "Proposals for Coal," and addressed to the commissioner of Public Works.

Specifications as to the delivery, etc., may be had on application.

J. L. TEMPLE, Commissioner of Public Works.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the commissioners of Berkshire county, Mass., until twelve o'clock (noon) Tuesday, July 3rd, 1900, for building and grading a county road from Greylock mountain about 3400 feet toward Pittsfield, Mass. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Barnes & Jenks, 23 West street, Pittsfield, Mass.

The commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Upholstering

Parties wishing to see R. A. Wood in regard to Upholstering can call at Valet's, 110 Main street, or send postal to 65 Quincy street.

Full line of up-to-date coverings.

R. A. WOOD

Kodaks . . .

Any Make, and Photographic Supplies.

Artist Materials, Headquarters for Fashion Magazines.

D. A. Anderson,

88 Main Street,

The One Cause of Poor Teeth

Says Dr. Cutter, of Harvard University:—

"There is every probability that the present prevalence of erupting and easily decaying teeth is due for one cause, to the use of flour as food."

The Massachusetts State Board of Health Reports give this startling fact:—

"Of 880 school children in three towns near Boston, under twelve years of age, two thirds had decayed teeth."

Shredded Wheat Biscuit contains, naturally proportioned, all the food elements necessary for the proper nourishment of every part of the body, from head to foot, including the teeth.

Drop a postal (don't send stamp) for "The Vital Question," food-facts for everybody, and 262 ways of serving Shredded Wheat. The Shredded Wheat Company, Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE

A desirable Residence on Esplanade street.

A BARGAIN

Full particulars at office of Wm. H. Bennett

2 ADAMS NATIONAL BANK BLDG., NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Mrs. Louise Wright

Chiropody, Manicuring and

Facial massage, superfluous hair destroyed, Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatment, Clipping and singeing. Ladies attended at their homes on receipt of postal.

PARLORS AT 77 MAIN STREET. Up two flights.

W. H. Gaylord

Our assortment of thin Summer materials for dresses, shirt waists is large and varied.

For graduation or evening dresses we have Wash Chiffon, Swiss Muslins, Persian Lawns and India Linens and quantities of Laces, Insertions and fine Hamburgs to trim these goods.

Dainty Corset Covers, Skirts, Silk and Lisle Thread Vests, Silk and Lisle Hose, Kid Gloves, Knit and Crochet Shawls, in fact everything in nice and dressy apparel that is required for ladies' evening costumes.

A nice fan or real shell ornament makes a very acceptable gift to a graduate. See our assortment.

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Fitchburg Railroad.

From June 4 1900, trains will run as follows:

Leave North Adams—Eastward. For Greenfield, at 3.24, 5.10, 7.23, 9.49, 11.37 a. m., *1.08, 3.08, 4.27, 7.00 and *2.00 p. m.

For Fitchburg and Boston, at 3.24, 5.10, 7.23, 9.49, 11.37 a. m., *1.08, 3.08, 4.27 p. m., *2.00 p. m.

For Worcester, at 3.24, 5.10, 9.49, a. m., 1.08 and 3.08 p. m.

Leave North Adams—Westward. For Williamstown, Hoosick Falls, Troy and Albany, at 5.55, 7.45, 9.56 a. m., 12.20, 1.53, *2.29, 5.00, *5.08, *8.10, *8.15, 10.54 p. m.

For New York at 4.55, 7.45, 9.56 a. m., 12.20, 1.53 and 5.08 p. m.

For Bennington and Rutland, (via B. & R. R.) 7.45 a. m., 1.53 and 5.01 p. m.

For Saratoga, 7.45 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

For Rotterdam Junction and the west, *5.08, *8.10, 10.54 p. m.

For Mechanicville, 7.45 a. m., *5.08, 5.00, *8.10 and 10.54 p. m.

Trains Arrive. From east, at 4.55, 7.45, 9.56 a. m., 12.20, 1.53 and 5.08 p. m.

From west, 1.34, 5.10, 7.23, 9.49, *10.55, 11.37 a. m., *1.08, *2.00, 3.08, 4.27, 5.50, 7.00, 8.35 p. m.

Daily except Monday. *Daily. *Sunday only.

A. S. CRANE, Gen. Traffic Mgr. Boston C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass. Agent, Boston C. A. NIMMO, G. W. P. A., Troy, N. Y.

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Sam'l Cully & Co.

The Dissolution Sale

Sale of Straw Mattings

A large shipment of straw mattings that we have received too late for our spring business. We must dispose of them quickly and consequently we offer them at reduced

Dissolution Sale Prices

25 pieces Japanese mattings, oriental patterns, regularly sold at 35 and 37½ cents, we offer them during Dissolution Sale at **25 cents a yard.**

20 pieces highest grade Japanese mattings, oriental patterns, regularly sold at 50 cents. We offer them during Dissolution Sale at **37 1-2 cents yd.**

Carpet Remnants

50 pieces carpet samples, best body Brussels, 40 inches long, regular price \$1.25 a yard. Dissolution Sale Price **59 cents each.**

Sam'l Cully & Co.

DR. GEO. W. BRADLEY,

Eye Specialist.

Nos. 24, 26 and 28 Bank St., North Adams.

I am commencing the last half of my fourth year in North Adams, in my new quarters in the Robinson Block, next door to my old location. I have taken out a ten years lease of my new offices, and am fitting up one of the best equipped Ophthalmic Testing rooms in Western Massachusetts. Difficult cases solicited. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Office Hours,
9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8.30 p. m.

REMOVAL.

Ford & Arnold

Livery and Boarding Stables

Now located at

39 State St

Tel. No. 145-13.

Four Horse Pleasure Wagons

a Specialty.

Best of Single and two horse Rigs.

Jewelry at Your Price

Auction Sale

Wednesday and

Saturday Evening

Wetmore's
Jewelry Store

Eagle Street

Private Sale Every Day

Jewelry and Silverware.

Watches and Novelties.

Come in and see the bargains you can get.

The goods must be sold.

Bargains in every line.

Don't forget it.

Did You Know==

We have put the price down to 25c. on one round cans Coffee such as Victor, Clark's Bouquet, Sherman's Blend and Silver Quarter. Wood's Fancy can, 25c. Fifth Avenue, 30c. Moma-Ja, 35c. Clark's Gold Flower, 35c. Mocha and Java blended to suit you, 35c. Somerset Club, 40c. Reduction on all Coffees in three pounds or more at a time. A good Coffee at 20c, six pounds \$1.00.

We want you to understand we are equipped with plenty of Fruit Jars in pints and quarts. Mason's Improved Smedley's improved and Lightnings at prices guaranteed satisfactory.

Our Stamped Eggs please them all.

H.A. Sherman

Telephone 28-5

15 Eagle Street

LOOK

I am still cutting prices on drugs, medicines and toilet articles.

PLEASE READ

The prices of a few patent medicines. All others in proportion.

	Regular Price	Our Price
Castoria	35c	21c
Pinkham's Comp.	1.00	67c
Elizir Celery Compound	1.00	60c
Rice's Sarsaparilla	1.00	50c
Beef, Iron and Wine	75c	49c
Malted Milk, large	1.00	75c
Malted Milk, small	50c	35c
Lithia Tablets	50c	35c
Carter's Pills	25	12
Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	1.00	50c
Syrup Hypophosphites	1.25	85c
Liebig's Extract Beef	50c	40c
Hall's Hair Renewer	1.00	75c
Atwood's Bitters	75c	20c
Mellin's Food, large	75c	55c
Green's Nervine	1.00	19c
Hire's Root Beer	25c	15c

RICE'S
Cut Price Drug Store
Cor Main and Eagle Sts

FAVORED GRADUATES

Bishop Beaven Confers Diplomas on Seniors of St. Joseph's High School

MANY VISITORS PRESENT

Annual Graduation Exercises Prove of Exceptional Interest This Year. Essays, Orations and Music. The Bishop's Address

The annual graduation exercises of St. Joseph's high school were held in the school hall last evening. The event this year was of more than ordinary interest to the graduates and to their friends and all those interested in the school from the fact that Bishop Beaven of the Springfield diocese was present, and conferred the diplomas on the members of the graduation class. In doing this, the bishop made a brief address which was filled with interest for those who were present. The reception of their diplomas from the head of the church in this diocese will make the occasion one to be remembered through a lifetime by those who were so honored, and those who are in charge of the school are to be congratulated on securing the bishop's presence.

The hall was prettily decorated in a most elaborate manner, white and gold being used about the stage, while palms, ferns and cut flowers were used in profusion.

The attendance was such as taxed the capacity of the hall. Admission was by ticket up to 7.45, and at that time nearly every seat in the room was taken, while many after that were unable to gain admission. Among those who occupied seats at the front of the hall were Mayor E. S. Wilkinson, a number of the city council, Congressman George P. Lawrence, Principal F. F. Murdoch of the normal school, Superintendent of schools I. F. Hall, and many of the leading citizens of the city.

As Bishop Beaven and the local visiting priests entered, the entire audience rose and applauded. Besides the bishop, there were in the party Rev. S. J. Congdon of Holy Cross, Rev. L. O. Triganne and Rev. T. H. McDonnell and Rev. Fr. Gillette of Adams, Rev. J. J. Tyrrell of Springfield, Rev. Fr. Baudouin of Williamstown, Rev. C. H. Jeannotte, Rev. C. E. Burke, Rev. George Flynn and Rev. J. J. Donnelly of this city.

When the bishop and priests had taken their seats, the program was begun with the singing of "Cor amoris" by the pupils of the high school, Prof. M. D. LeClair playing the piano accompaniment.

William Lynch, the first speaker, delivered the salutatory and an oration on "Imperialism." He welcomed the bishop, and expressed the gratitude of the class to Rev. Fr. Burke and the fathers of the parish and the sisters of the school to whom they owed the care of their instruction during their school course. Beginning his oration, he urged that the nation stand by the constitution, since freedom was again assailed. The question now is of empire or republic. We should take care not to thrust on others what we once fought to avoid. The points of the oration were greeted with applause.

Miss Annie Kelley and Nellie Curley sang a duet "I heard a voice," in a most pleasing manner, and seven girls from the senior class gave a part recitation entitled "Our flag," which was received with applause.

Miss Elsie Heelin sang "Nymphs and fauns," and Miss Mary Malloy recited "The martyrdom of St. Justin."

This was followed by the presentation of diplomas to the pupils who are finishing their course in the grammar grades of the school. These were presented by Rev. C. E. Burke, who made no remarks.

Miss Annie Davine then made the address to the bishop, giving him for the class an eloquent welcome, and expression of thanks. Words cannot express our feelings, she said, for the honor conferred by the bishop's presence on this occasion. The joy of his blessing on our head will surpass all others, and no matter what the future may have in store for us, our lives will always be brighter for this event.

William Lynch sang "The forge" pleasingly, and Miss Annie Kelley read an interesting essay on "Silent influence." She spoke first of the influence of the teacher on the pupil, and then of the mother's influence at the bedside, which as the boy or girl goes out from home is the influence that lasts through life. Each person must exert some influence, and the character without good influence is essentially lacking in many things. It should be the aim of those who go out from the school to practice what has been taught, and to be ever true to the faith and to God.

One of the most pleasing of the musical features was a quartet, "Music and song," given by Miss Nellie Curley, Miss Elsie Heelin, Miss Annie Kelley and William Lynch. This was followed by the valedictory and oration on "Religion in education," by James Pryor.

Mr. Pryor made a strong appeal for the religious school, saying that the full blessings of Christian teachings came only through the union of religion and education. By excluding religion from the school the hope of future happiness is eliminated. Even non-Catholics admit that Christian education is required to meet the dangers of the 20th century. With the increase of wealth and the appetite for pleasure, mere moral education alone is not sufficient as a safe guard. Some say that study of nature in the schools is enough, but who can study nature without being drawn toward the study of nature's God. Education consists in moral, mental and spiritual training combined. Those who fear the influence of the Catholic schools should look at the record of the Catholics in the nation's wars. Catholicism and patriotism go hand in hand. He closed with the hope that all the class would go out into the world to strengthen the country so much as lay within the power of each, and thanked the pastor of the parish and his assistants for the care and training of the school course.

Father Burke then rose to introduce the bishop, which he did in a very few

words, and there was much applause as Bishop Beaven rose.

Bishop Beaven's Address

I would seem insincere, said the bishop in opening, if I did not give expression to my deep satisfaction in being present on this occasion. It is well from time to time for those in active life to come in contact with the influences that rouse inspiration, for we need to renew our own lives by such inspiration. To me this evening has been a most happy one, for it has brought me in touch with thoughts and associations that have brought real intellectual delight. We experience the delight of contact with the development of youthful minds is even greater. Also there is deep pleasure in the consciousness that during these years of development on the part of this class there has been heart evolution. So when we know that nothing has been kept from these hearts that go out tonight we feel satisfied that there is a heart pleasure as well as a mental pleasure in the exercises of this evening. We feel that these hearts carry in them the rudiments of all those features that make for success in life.

Those who carry the responsibility of imparting religious education can throw into their work the best there is in their nature. The church works for the best development of the heart and mind, to the end that our children may attain to the highest and best in citizenship and faithfulness to God and country.

A very pleasing feature of this occasion is the presence of those who represent the civic and educational influences of this city. We accept this as a compliment and an encouragement. And we recognize that competition, rightly carried on, spurs us on to higher and better things. The competition of Catholic religious education has brought results in the public school curriculum of which we are all proud. The Catholic schools of New England have given an impetus to the public schools they would never have had without this competition, and the standard of the Catholic schools would not be what it is if it had not been for the competition of the public schools. We differ in some lines, but both are working along what they consider the best lines, and the consequence is results that we can all be proud of as citizens of Massachusetts. This is honorable competition in the development of the hearts and minds of our children, and so we thank these visitors for their presence, which encourages us and these children.

Turning to the graduates, the bishop said: These diplomas which we give you show that you have diligently and successfully pursued the studies of your course as mapped out, and that you were willing to abide by the convictions of your leaders, that with profane science should go the word of God. In after life may you acquire that need of happiness which should result from what you have been taught here, and may your lives conform to the principles here inculcated. These diplomas are a pledge of success, and I hope you will strive to realize in your lives all that they are designed to mean.

The diplomas were then conferred, the recipients kneeling and kissing the hand of the bishop as they received them.

The exercises of the evening were closed with the singing of "Quid Retribuam Domino," the class song, by the graduates.

There were 11 graduates who received diplomas, and of these, it is expected that a large proportion of the girls in the class will enter the state normal school in this city, while the two boys are planning to enter Holy Cross. The fact that they are prepared to enter college with advanced standing speaks for the completeness and excellence of the training of the high school, under the direction of Rev. George Flynn, who has direct charge of the school work. The list of graduates is as follows: Miss Margaret Chrystal, Miss Annie Kelley, Miss Elsie Heelin, Miss Annie Davine, Miss Mary Molloy, Miss Mary Canfield, Miss Margaret Cummings, Miss Mary Callahan, Miss Nellie Curley, James Pryor, William Lynch.

OBITUARY

Samuel Larkins

Samuel Larkins, an old resident of Clarkburg, died this morning at his home in that town, aged, 69 years. He had been sick for some time and his death was not altogether unexpected. Mr. Larkins was a veteran of the civil war and was a well known and respected resident. He leaves a widow.

The funeral will be held at his late home Thursday at 10.30 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Spencer officiating, and the burial will be in the soldiers' mound in Hillside cemetery.

Flora E. Cookman

Flora E. the 10-years-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel H. Cookman of Williamstown, died last night at the home of her grandfather, Frank D. Goodrich, in Clarkburg, where she had lived since last fall. Five years ago she sustained a fall by which her back was injured, and from the effects of this injury she never recovered. Her health was more or less affected from that time, and consumption, which was the cause of her death, finally developed. She was a bright and lovable child, and her death is an affliction to her parents and grandparents which elicits the sympathy of all their friends.

The funeral will be held at the house tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. J. C. Tebbetts officiating, and the burial will be at Williamstown.

Benefit for Dyer at Holy Cross

The benefit game for William H. Dyer, the former shortstop on the Holy Cross team, between Holy Cross and North Attleboro yesterday afternoon, resulted in an easy win for Holy Cross. The attendance was smaller than had been anticipated, owing to the poor date, but the advance sale of tickets was good. The score by innings:

Holy Cross, 0 10 11 10 5 - 31 2
N. Attleboro 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 - 3 11 5
Batteries, Carney and Brennan; Woodworth and Le Stage.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10c.

MANY VISITORS TO GREYLOCK

Unusual Number Visit the Summit. Hoodlums to be Arrested

George A. Bauer, superintendent of the Greylock reservation and keeper of the summit house this year, was in the city yesterday afternoon, and reported an unusually large number of people who have visited Greylock so far this season. It has been apparent for some weeks that there was a remarkable revival of interest in this city in trips to the summit of the mountain, and with the opening of the house there, it is probable that more people will make the ascent this summer than for several seasons past.

Last Saturday Mr. Bauer says that 150 people registered at the house, while on Sunday over 200 people registered. At this rate, with the number increasing towards the end of the season as is usual, the summit of the mountain will be one of the best populated districts of this part of the state during the season.

There has as usual been some trouble with the hoodlum element, which makes the trip to the summit of the mountain for the apparent purpose of making as much noise and doing as much damage at the summit as possible. Already on some days those who have gone up to enjoy the beauties of the mountain have been disturbed by this class, and Mr. Bauer, who has authority to enforce the laws on the mountain, promises that all such disturbances will be stopped in the future, and that some of the hoodlums will be subject to arrest and punishment if more disturbances are raised.

H. A. Jenks and his corps of surveyors from the office of Barnes & Jenks have opened a camp on Greylock about three miles from Cheshire Harbor. They begin this week the survey of Greylock road from that place to the new Pittsfield road on the summit. They will be in camp about three weeks. The camp is named for Park Commissioner Mole of Adams.

ANOTHER EPISCOPAL DIOCESE

Local Men on Important Committee to Consider Division

An important meeting was held in Boston last week of the joint committee of 12 clergymen and 12 laymen, provided for at the annual meeting of the convention of the Episcopal diocese of Massachusetts on May 16, to consider and report to the next convention the advisability and feasibility of dividing the diocese, and also to give a plan of such division, if the course should be recommended. This committee, which was arranged for at the convention, was only recently appointed. It includes Bishop Lawrence, Rev. J. C. Tebbetts of this city, Prof. Henry LeFavour of Williamstown, and Rev. Harold Arrowsmith of Lenox.

The question of another Episcopal diocese in Massachusetts has occupied the thoughts of the members of that church for some years. It was first raised this year in the convention of Bishop Lawrence. At that time Rev. Dr. Lindsay presented a motion, which was carried, that so much of the address as dealt with this subject be referred to a joint committee of 12 clerical and 12 lay members.

Some interesting facts in connection with this subject may here be mentioned. The number of communicants of the Episcopal church in the diocese of Massachusetts is 40,000; the diocese is one of the three largest in the country, the other two being those including respectively the cities of New York and Philadelphia. In round numbers there are 260 Episcopal clergymen in Massachusetts, and more than 200 churches.

Whereas in the state of New York there are five dioceses and in Pennsylvania three, the diocese of Massachusetts is of equal extent with the whole state. On the other hand, in the largest diocese in each of the other two states, the members are residents of a compact metropolitan district, with the addition of a slight suburban fringe.

The Massachusetts diocese has been forging ahead with great rapidity, especially during the last 10 years, growing in clergymen, communicants, congregations and church buildings.

Golden Wedding in Bennington

The golden wedding of Dr. and Mrs. Henry J. Potters was observed at the homestead on Main street in Bennington Saturday. Two receptions were held and nearly all who attended were more than 50 years of age. The occasion was a pleasant one and the presents were numerous. A feature was the presence of the officiating clergyman, Rev. Edward Conover, who at the time of the marriage, June 16, 1850, was the pastor of the Baptist church in Bennington. During the time Mr. Conover has held several pastorates in different places, but upon his retirement from the ministry several years ago he returned to Bennington to pass the remainder of his days. Dr. Potter was born in Pownal July 13, 1828. He has practiced medicine in Bennington since 1851. Mrs. Potter was Miss Susan Gibson before marriage.

Going to Kansas City

James W. Synan of Pittsfield, Nicholas J. Lawler of Greenfield and Thomas J. Dillon of Holyoke will leave Boston June 20 with the delegates to the democratic national convention to be held at Kansas City. The party will go over the Central Vermont road, and stop a day at Niagara Falls. Messrs. Lawler and Dillon are delegates from the 1st congressional district. Mr. Synan is an alternate.

Changes in Parish House

The gymnasium and another room on the third floor of St. John's parish house are being partitioned into rooms for the use of the Sunday school, which has outgrown its accommodations on other floors. The work was begun yesterday morning by D. W. Elmore, and will be completed as soon as possible. The Sunday school now has 10 rooms, and these will make six more, one of which will be 20 by 25 feet. There are now 240 pupils in the school, which is steadily growing.

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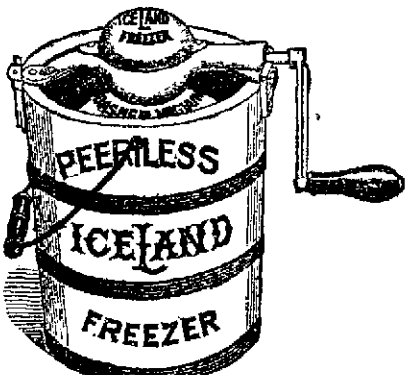
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